

## Challenges & Priorities in Aquatic Food Systems

Dr. Jorn Schmidt and Dr. Arun Padiyar, CGIAR-WorldFish 3<sup>rd</sup> Agriculture Working Group Meeting, G20 Presidency, Government of Brazil, Brasilia. 11-12 June 2024

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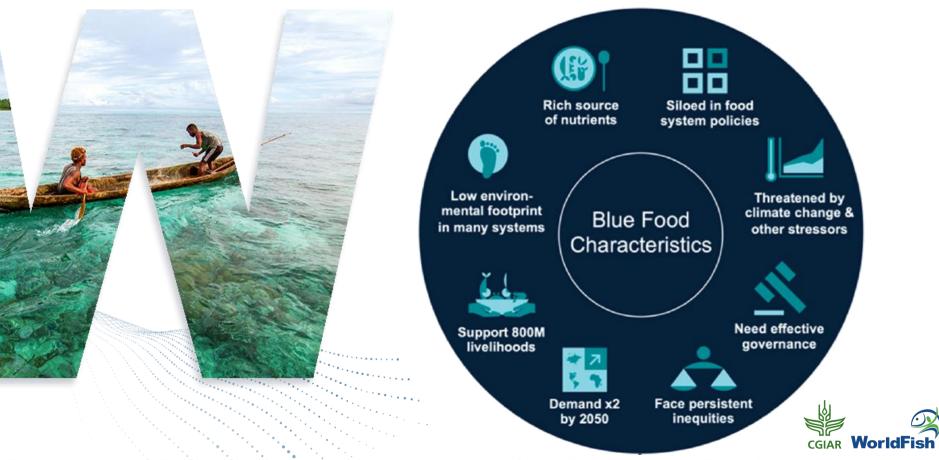
An inclusive world of healthy, well-nourished people and a sustainable blue planet, now and in the future.

## **Our Mission**

To end hunger and advance sustainable development by 2030 through science and innovation to transform food, land and water systems with aquatic foods for healthier people and planet.



## **Aquatic or Blue Food Characteristics**



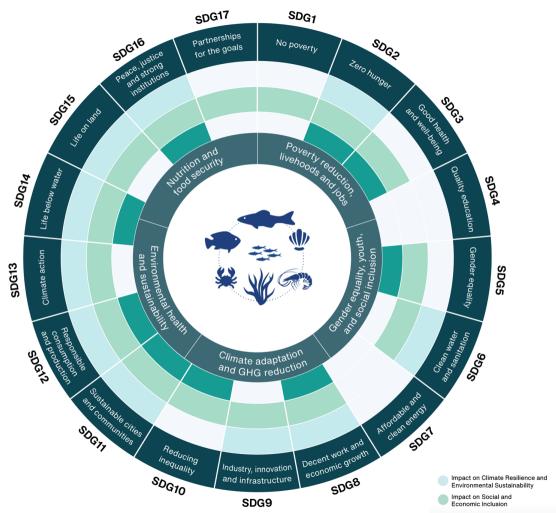
Tigchelaar et al. (2022) The vital roles of blue foods in the global food system, Globbal Food Security, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gfs.2022.100637

## **Sustainable Aquatic Food Systems**



A sustainable aquatic food system produces **safe**, nutritious, accessible, affordable, and culturally preferred food. It produces and distributes it through fair working practices that support livelihoods and communities. It is adapted to a changing climate and changing societal needs. It helps preserve and restore nature and biodiversity.





## Tackling global challenges WITH AQUATIC FOODS

Aquatic foods, alongside land crops and livestock, are a significant part of the equation for healthy and sustainable diets within our planetary boundaries.

Impact on Nutrition

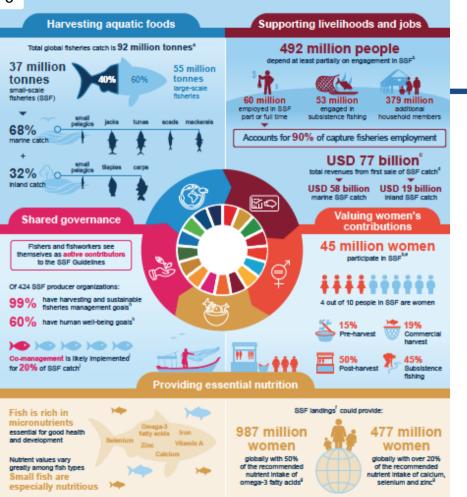
and Public Health

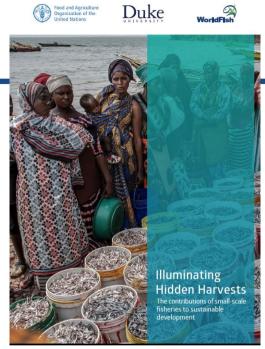
One CGIAR

Challenges



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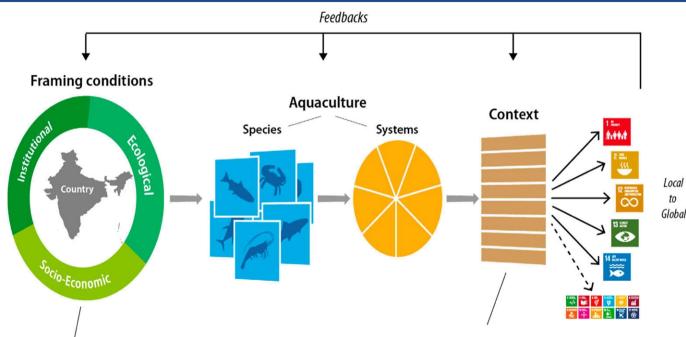


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FAO, Duke University & WorldFish. 2023. Illuminating Hidden Harvests – The contributions of small-scale fisheries to sustainable development. Rome. https://doi.org/10.4060/cc4576en



# What is "shaping" aquaculture's contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals



Environmental quality/prerequisites (e.g. climate), Climate conditions Production factors, Resources, Technology, Labor, Knowhow Markets/Demand, Culture, Policies (trade, equity, nutrition, etc.) Political context (e.g. attitudes" Blue Economy and/or Circular Economy) Investments (capacity, enabling conditions (taxation)), R&D prioritization Legal frameworks (environment, social protection, etc.) Demand (for aquaculture products), Stakeholder involvements Affordability (prices), Socio-economic conditions, Mechanisms for benefit sharing (exports) Environmental protection and legal enforcement Power structures, role of the aquaculture state and non-state actors (e.g. producers' organisations) Support for aquaculture-focused educational schemes Sustainable use of aquaculture inputs, Demoarabhics and labour Troell, Max, et al. "Perspectives on aquaculture's contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals for improved human and planetary health." *Journal of the World Aquaculture Society* 54.2 (2023): 251-342.

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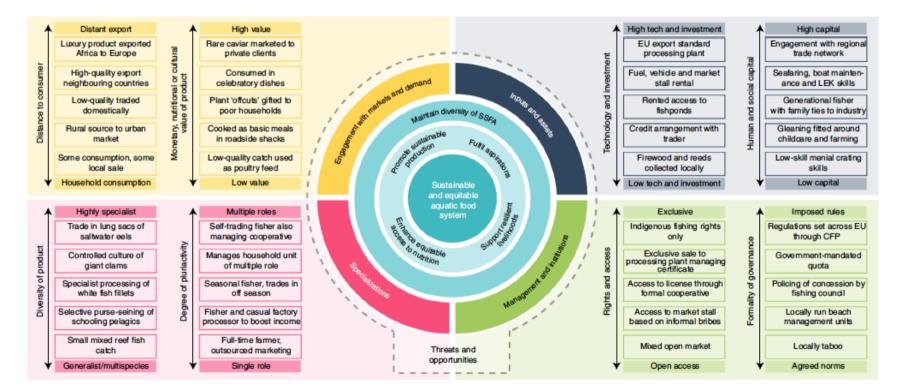


## **Contributions of Small-Scale Fisheries**

Short et al. (2021) Harnessing the diversity of small-scale actors is key to the future of aquatic food systems, Nature Food, https://doi.org/10.1038/s43016-021-00363-0

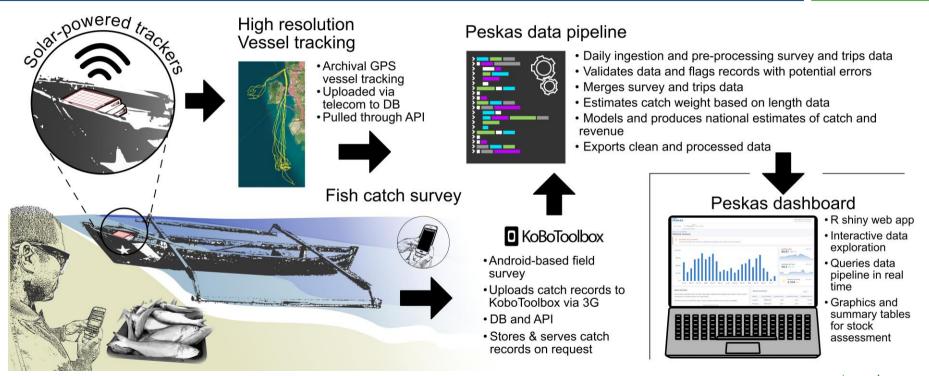
### ANALYSIS

#### **NATURE FOOD**



## **Data and Digital Innovation**

#### Alex Tilley





## **Governance and Policy**

#### Marleen Schutter

#### Policy and Institutions Landscape Analysis)

