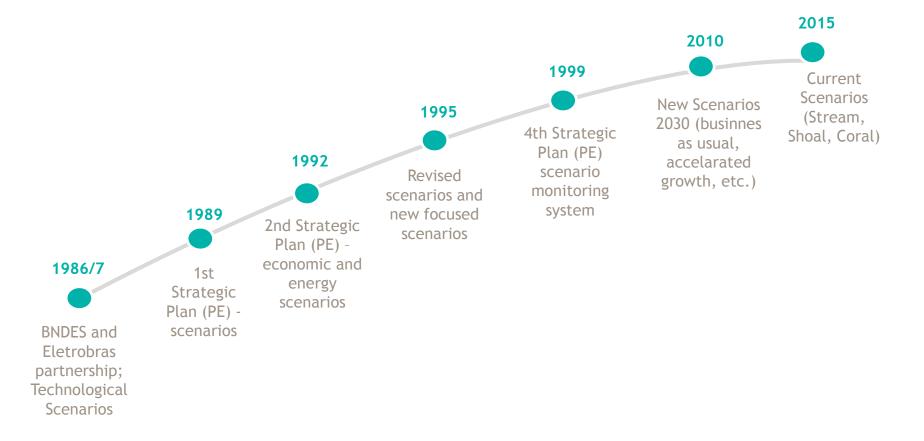


Scenario Planning has a long history in Petrobras



Even so, there were issues we had to solve when designing the current scenarios

Previous scenarios were political/economic, it was hard to see what they meant for the energy industry.

Unclear use of scenarios in the planning process.

Weak engagement of other parts of the company.

Weak communication inside the company of what scenarios are and what they're for (not just different sets of numbers).

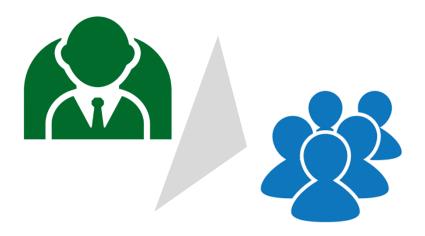
Forecasts were too similiar, without a meaningful differentiation for planning.

Inflexible scenarios:
definite set of future
events caused constant
revisions and
questioning.

We needed new tools to answer these questions



Before work began we got strong support for the project from top management



Autonomy for the Scenario team

Higher engagement from diferente areas of the Company

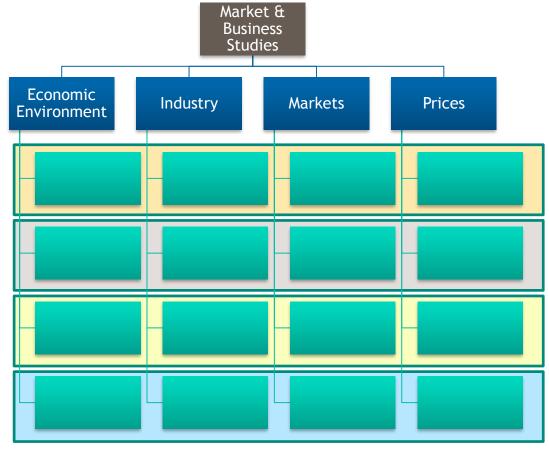
What did we do? Inside Market and Business Studies

Market and Business Studies coordinates the creation and monitoring of the scenarios.



We have a multidisciplinary team, with economists, production engineers, chemical engineers, architect, accountant, biologist and a librarian.

Market and Business Studies structured the scenarios work in small horizontal task teams

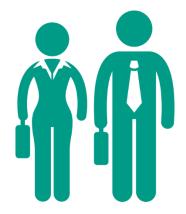


One of these groups was the methodological team



BACKGROUND

- Scenario training.
- Scenario building and monitoring experience.

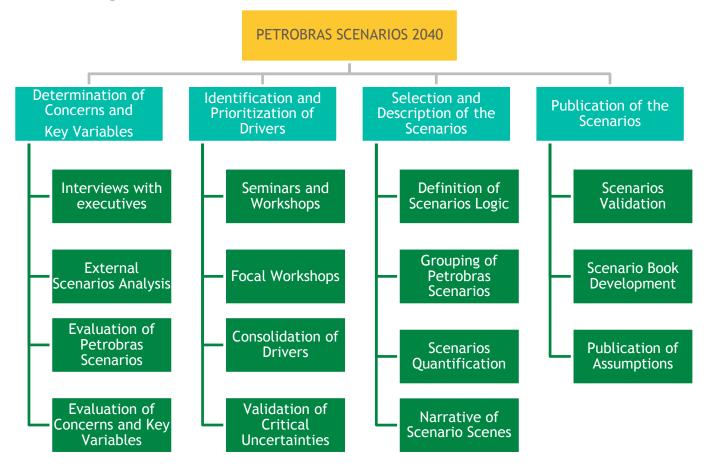


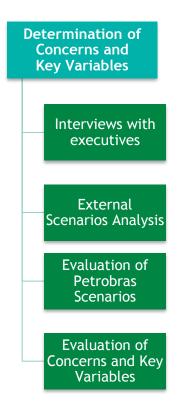


GOALS

- Build new methodology.
- Train people from other areas to collaborate with scenario creation.

Work Breakdown Structure





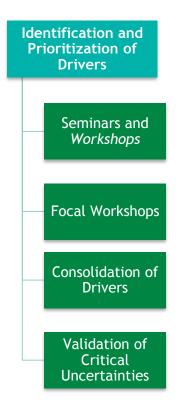
Make sure scenarios are focused on the issues you need, on your industry.

Make sure the final product is useful for the managers and planners, based on their needs.

Don't miss what your peers are worried about.

Don't forget the lessons your learned on your previous work.

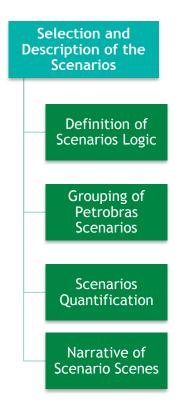
Parallel work between teams considerably speeding up the process.



In the seminars, experts in several fields shared their knowledge with the people that were involved in the project.

In the workshops, people from across the company discussed together their future views and the main drivers of the future.

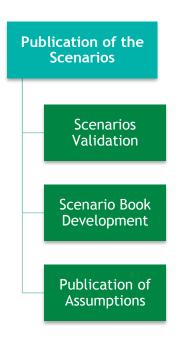
Strategy area just organized and facilitated meetings, so other employees felt they "owned" the scenarios too, and it was not just something that came from above.



Strategy area groups all knowledge generated in the seminars and workshops.

The final scenarios built will have elements that came naturally from the company wide knowledge about the most pressing issues the company faces, according to the executives.

Everyone "sees" oneself in some way in the final scenarios.



Final product needs top approval, if made right, management will see their questions answered.

Good practice for the final product to be reviewed by an external party.

Even if participation in the building process was broad, scenarios still need to be communicated company-wide, not just for people that will use it in their jobs.

In Petrobras, all communication, internal and external, was supervised by specialists.

FINAL REMARKS



