

WIPO Workshop on Global Innovation Patterns in the Mining Industry



Innovation in the Mining Sector: the Brazilian Case

Geneva, May 31st, 2017

Agenda

- Economic Affairs Advisory
- INPI Intellectual Property Statistical Database - BADEPI
- Brazilian Mining Sector Overview
- Preliminary Results

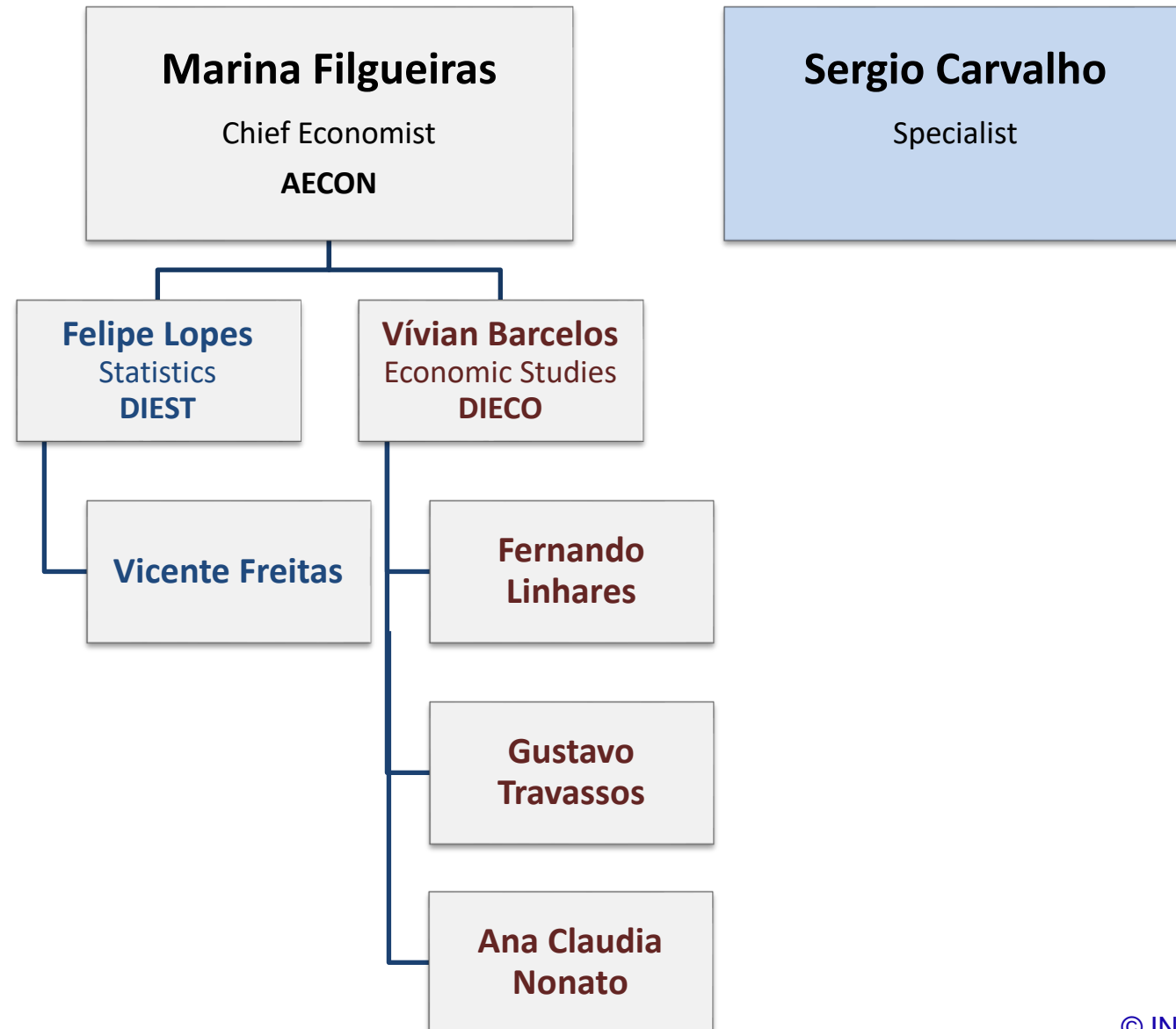


Economic Affairs Advisory

The **Economic Affairs Advisory (AECON)** is responsible for:

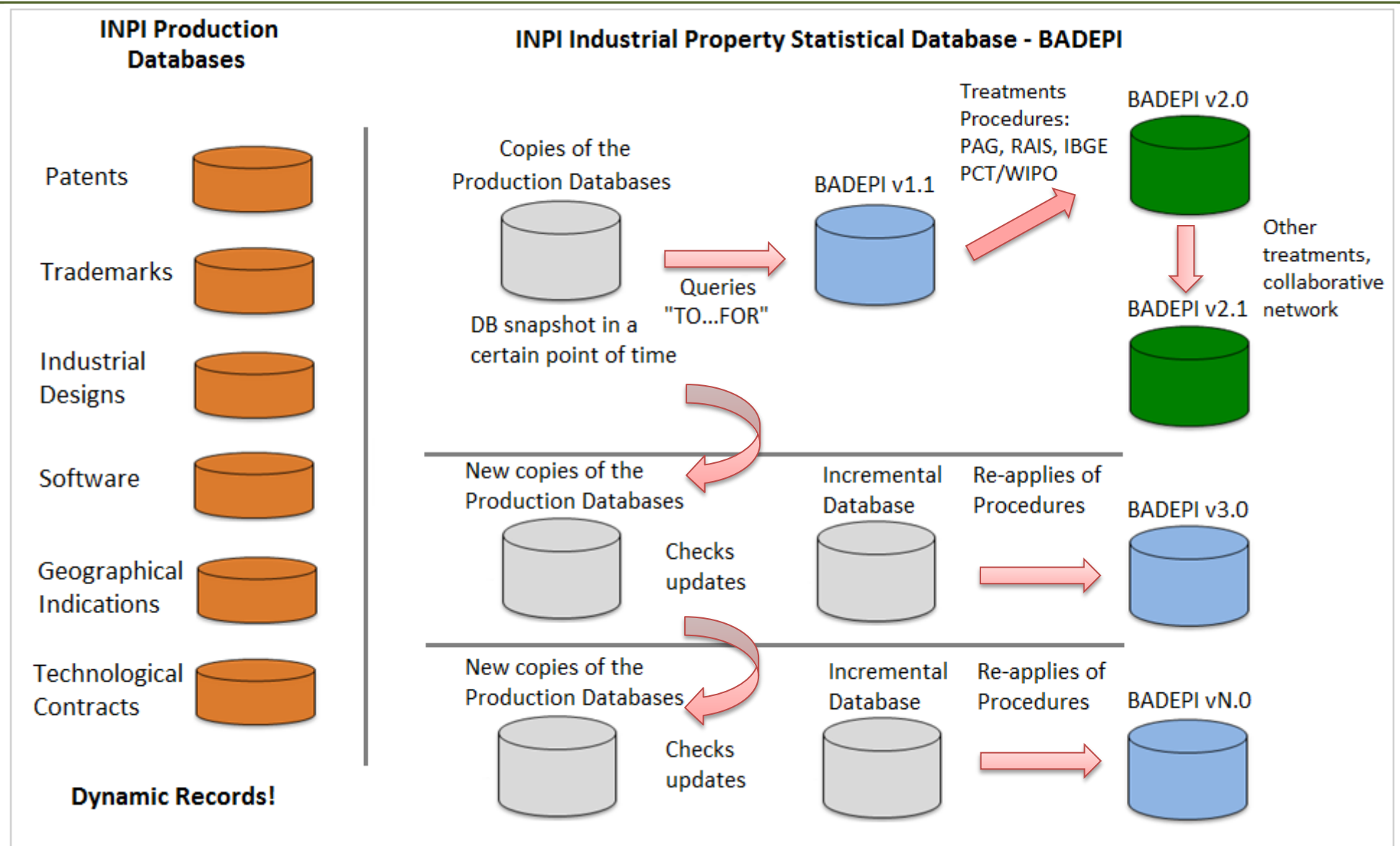
- Planning, preparing, publishing and keeping updated statistics of the INPI;
- Promoting, coordinating and implementing economic studies on the impact of intellectual property and the actions of the INPI on the national development process and the competitiveness of companies and economic sectors.

Economic Affairs Advisory

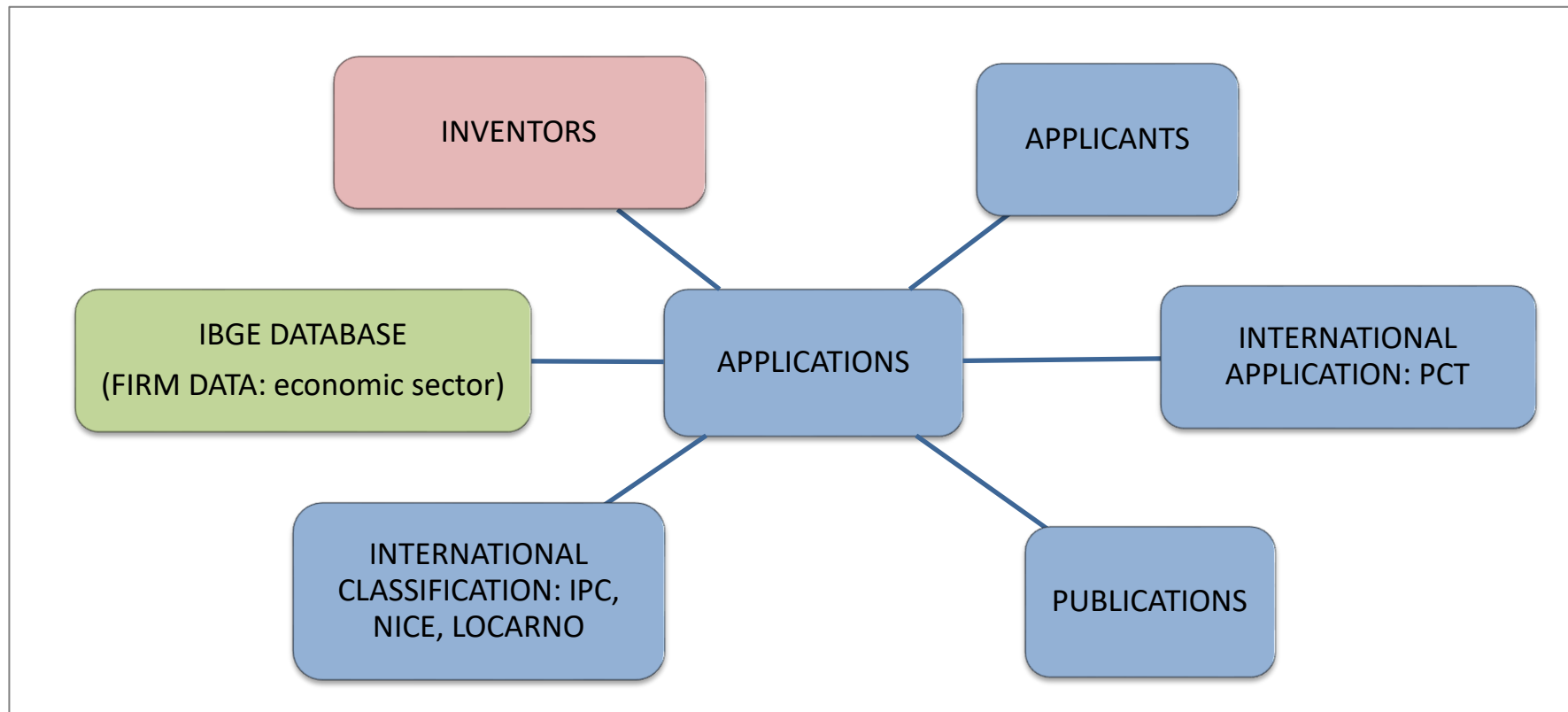


INPI Intellectual Property Statistical Database – BADEPI (First Phase)

- The Brazilian IP Office (INPI) has, with the technical and financial support of WIPO/Economic and Statistical Division, prepared a database designed to assist in statistical research into intellectual property information.
 - Patents
 - Trademarks
 - Industrial Designs
 - Software
 - Geographical Indications
 - Technological Contracts
- IP Coverage:
- Time coverage: 2000-2012
- Collaborative Project between: INPI, WIPO and among Brazilian agencies
- Coordinated by INPI/AECON (Economic Affairs Advisory)



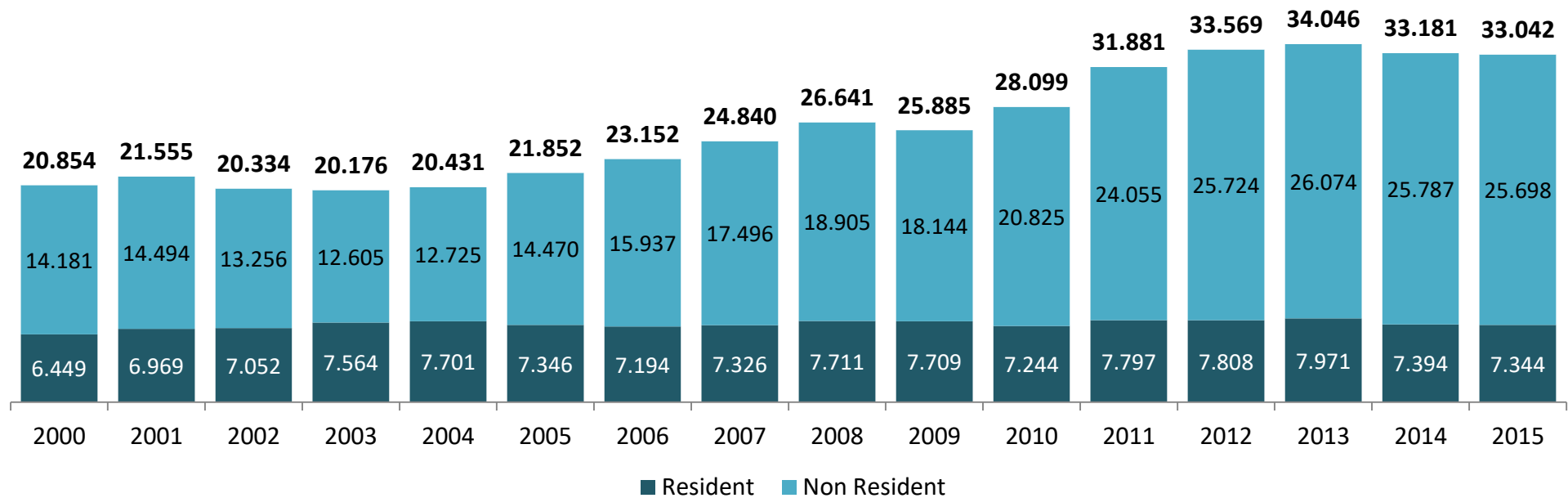
Conceptual Model



INPI Intellectual Property Statistical Database – BADEPI (Current Phase)

- Use INPI Services Payment System (PAG) to infer data more efficient and in a monthly basis (*As discussed at WIPO meeting in 2013*)
- BADEPI is being updated with the new methodology, integrating PAG System and the Production Databases
- IP Coverage: similar to the first phase
- Time coverage: 2013-2015
- Coordinated by INPI/AECON (Economic Affairs Advisory)

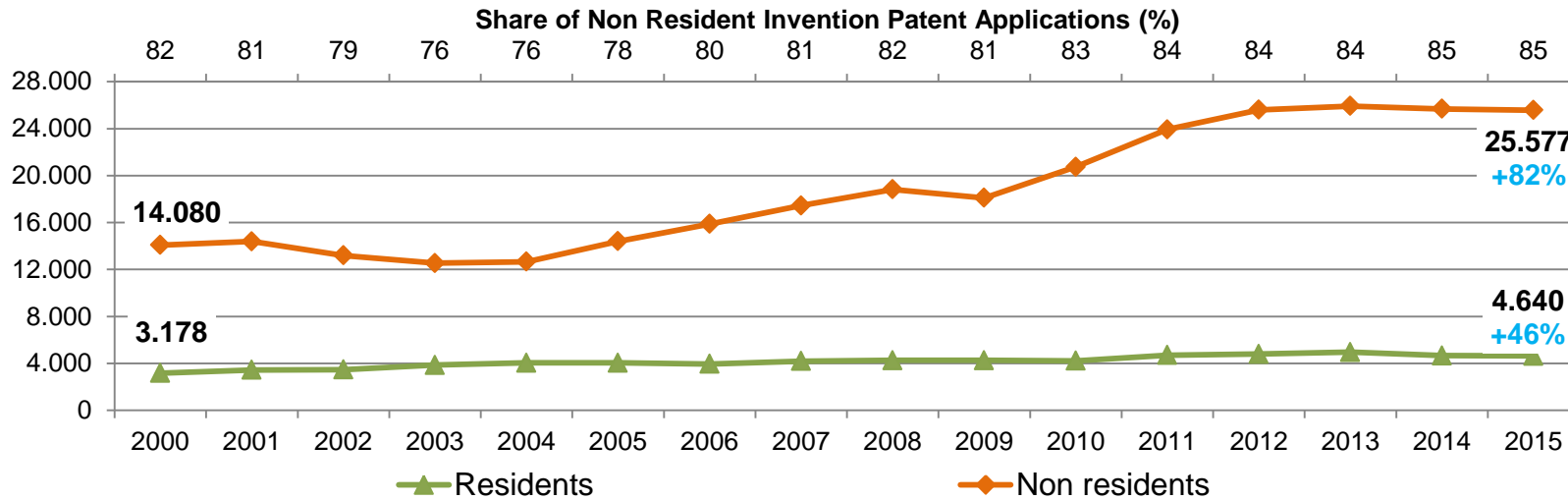
Patent applications by residents and non residents, 2000-2015*



Total Patent Applications
 2000: 20.854
 2015: 33.042
+58%

Share 2000/2015
 Patents: 84% to 91%
 Utility Models: 16% to 8%
 Addition certificate: 0,4% to 0,3%

Invention Patent applications by residents and non residents, 2000-2015

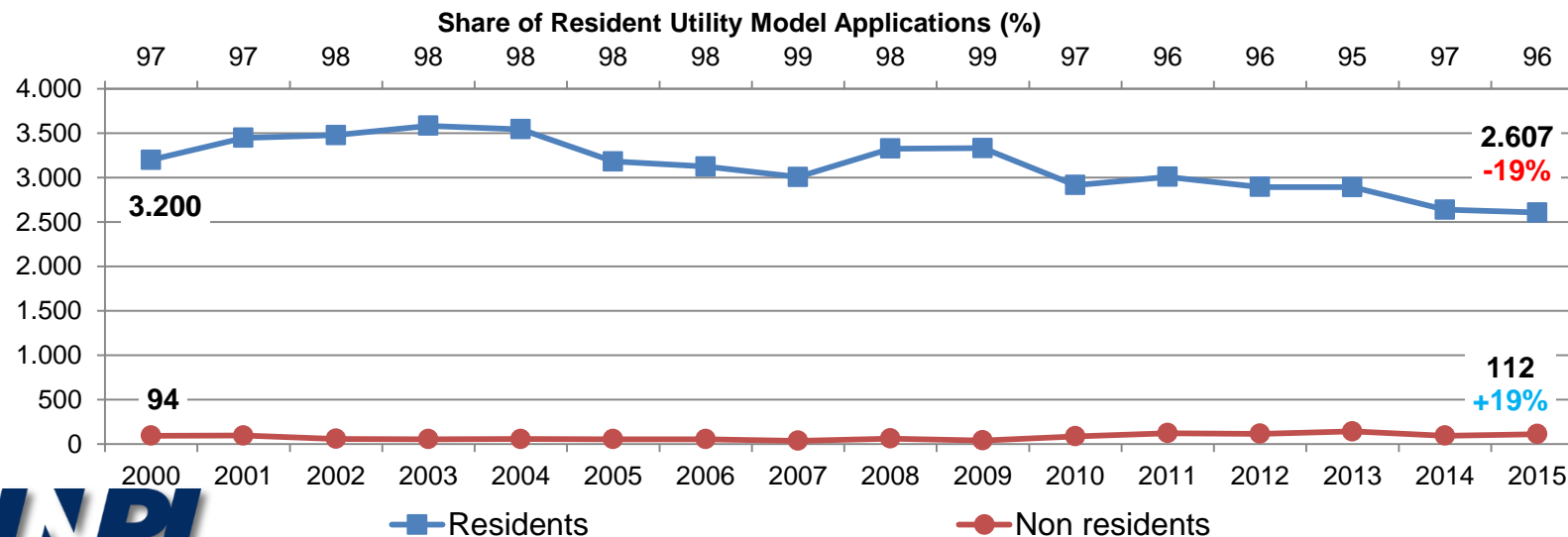


Changes in the share of Resident and Non resident applications 2000/2015

Non Residents:
Patents: 82% to 85%
Utility Models: 3% to 4%

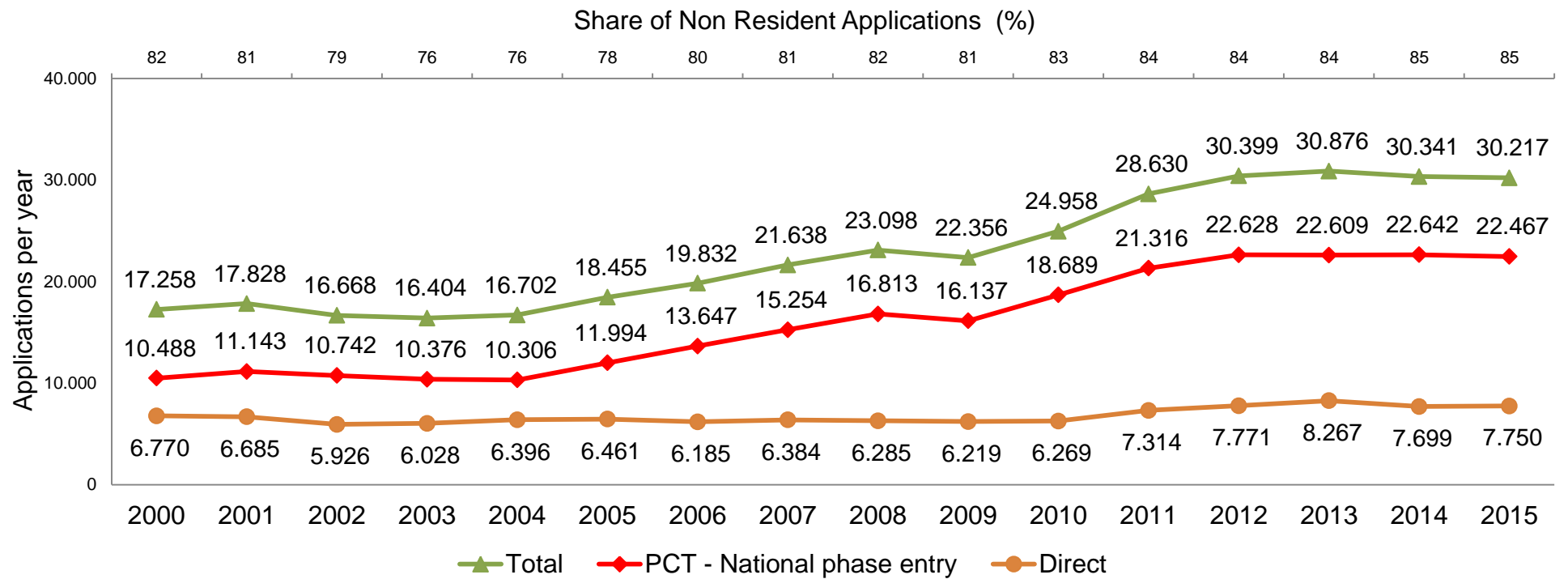


Utility Model applications by residents and non residents, 2000-2015



Residents:
Patents: 18% to 15%
Utility Models: 97% to 96%

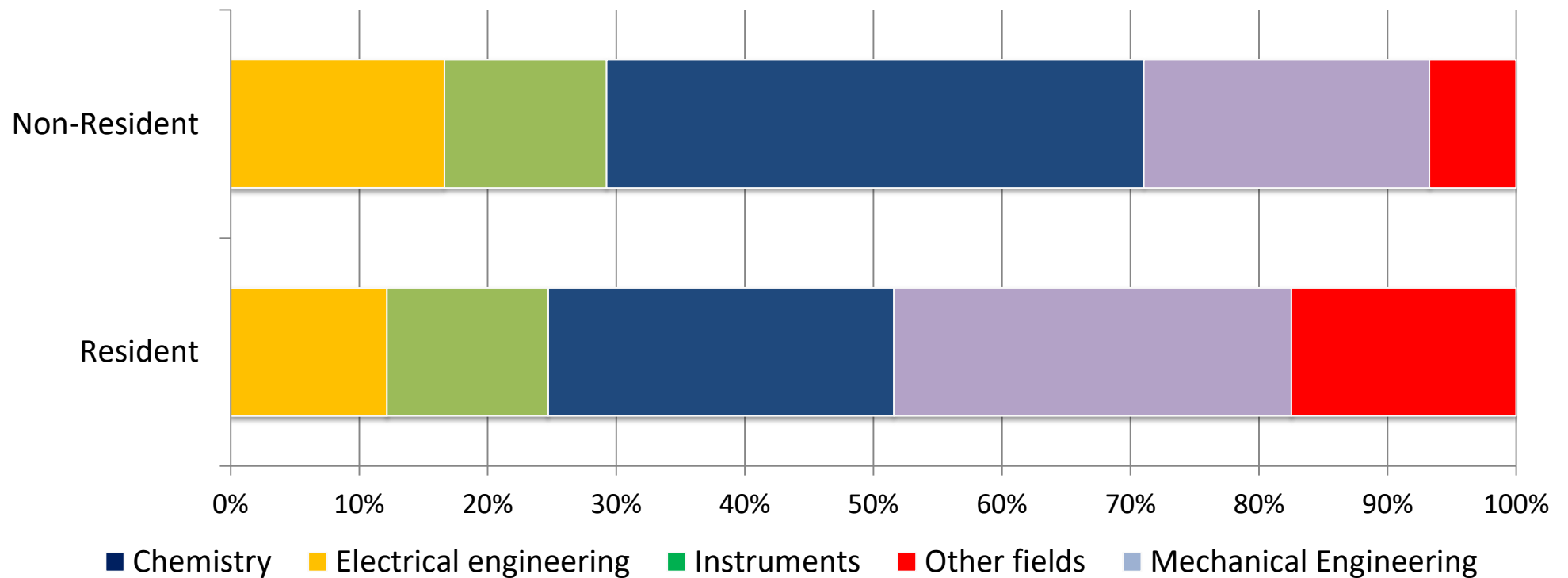
Patent applications (direct and PCT national phase entries), 2000-2015



PCT
 2000: 10.488
 2015: 22.467
+214%

Direct
 2000: 6.770
 2015: 7.750
+14%

Patent Applications by technology field by residents and non residents , 2006-2015



Top Non Resident applicants of Patents at INPI Brazil, 2000-2015

		2000-2012	2013-2015
Patent	1	Basf	Philips
	2	Qualcomm	Dow
	3	The Procter & Gamble	Basf
	4	Philips	General Eletric
	5	Unilever	Halliburton

Top Resident applicants of Patents at IP Brazil, 2000-2015

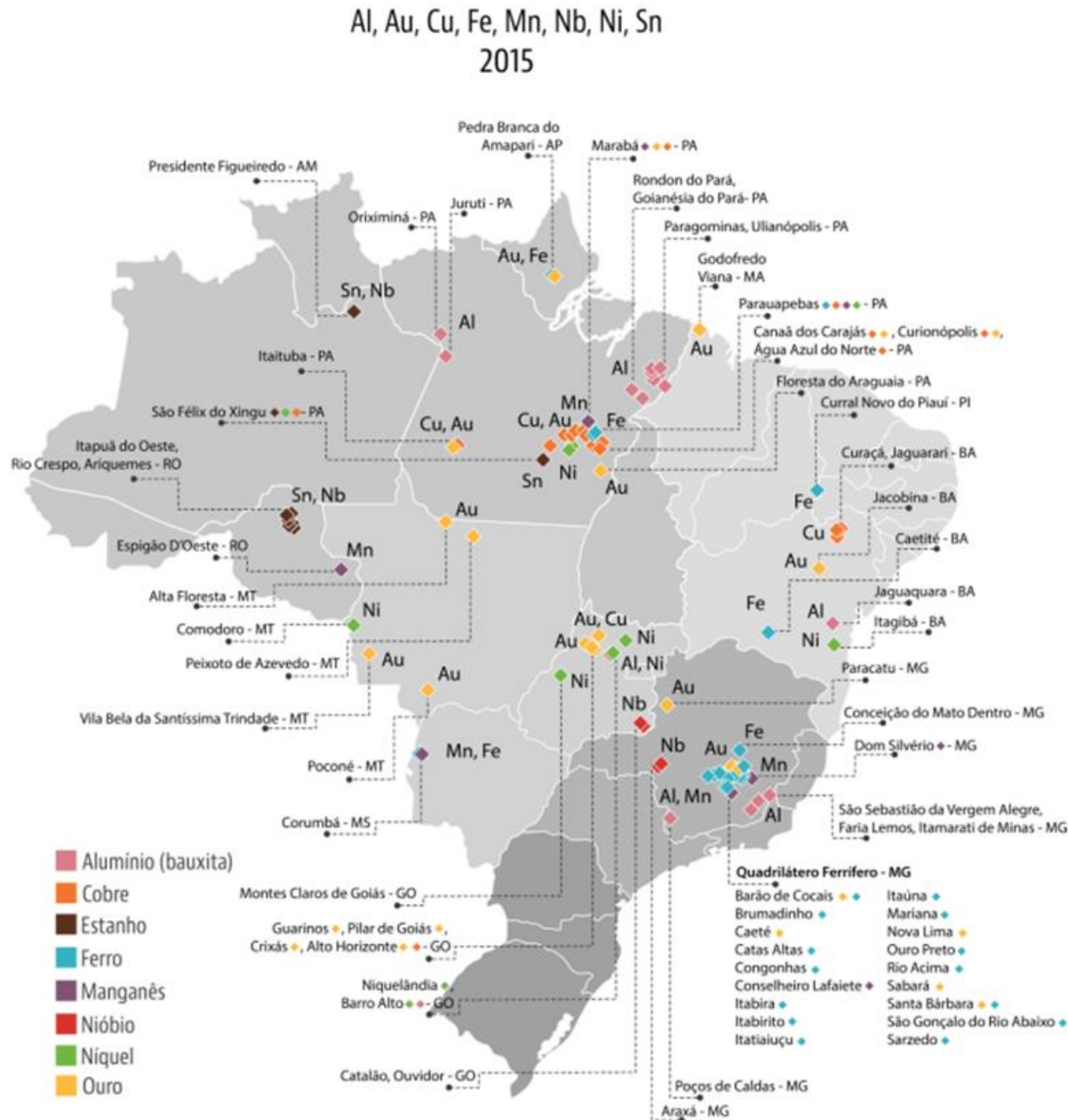
		2000-2012	2013-2015
Patent	1	Petrobras	Whirlpool
	2	Whirlpool	USP
	3	UNICAMP	UNICAMP
	4	USP	Petrobras
	5	UFMG	UFMG

Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Main Mineral Reserves

Location of main mineral reserves of Aluminium (Bauxite), Copper, Tin, Iron Ore, Manganese, Niobium, Nickel, Gold.

Source: Brazilian National Department of Mineral Production (DNPM)



Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Production (2015)

Mineral	Tons	World Rank	World Share
Niobium	84.189	1º	92.29%
Iron	275.589.840	3º	17.52%
Bauxite (Crude ore)	37.057.000	3º	12.77%
Manganese	1.226.458	5º	6.74%
Tin	18.824	6º	5.87%
Nickel	89.302	9º	4.24%
Gold (*)	83.127	12º	2.69%
Copper	359.463	14º	1.86%

(*) Gold production is in kg.

Source: World Mining Data 2017

Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Top Producing Companies - 2015

Aluminium (Bauxite)		Copper	
Company	Share (%) (*)	Company	Share (%) (*)
MINERAÇÃO RIO DO NORTE	47,38	SALOBO METAIS	47,43
MINERAÇÃO PARAGOMINAS	33,19	VALE	26,32
ALCOA WORLD ALUMINA BRASIL	14,18	MINERAÇÃO MARACÁ INDÚSTRIA E COMÉRCIO	19,04
OTHER COMPANIES	5,25	OTHER COMPANIES	7,21
Tin		Iron	
Company	Share (%) (*)	Company	Share (%) (*)
MINERAÇÃO TABOCA	52,84	VALE	73,77
COOP. MINERADORA DOS GARIMPEIROS DE ARIQUEMES	11,33	COMPANHIA SIDERÚRGICA NACIONAL	4,49
COOPERATIVA DE GARIMPEIROS DE SANTA CRUZ	19,04	SAMARCO MINERAÇÃO	3,98
OTHER COMPANIES	16,79	OTHER COMPANIES	17,76
Manganese		Niobium	
Company	Share (%) (*)	Company	Share (%) (*)
VALE MINA DO AZUL	53,75	ANGLO AMERICAN NIÓBIO BRASIL	51,17
MINERAÇÃO CORUMBAENSE REUNIDA	28,75	COMPANHIA MINERADORA DE PIRICLORO DE ARAXÁ	41,11
MINERAÇÃO BURITIRAMA	14,08	MINERAÇÃO TABOCA	3,55
OTHER COMPANIES	3,42	OTHER COMPANIES	4,17
Nickel		Gold	
Company	Share (%) (*)	Company	Share (%) (*)
ANGLO AMERICAN NÍQUEL BRASIL	37,85	KINROSS BRASIL MINERAÇÃO	18,88
VALE	28,22	ANGLOGOLD ASHANTI CÓRREGO DO SÍTIO MINERAÇÃO	17,33
VOTORANTIM METAIS	20,47	SALOBO METAIS	8,43
OTHER COMPANIES	13,46	OTHER COMPANIES	55,36

(*) Share in the total value of the mineral production.

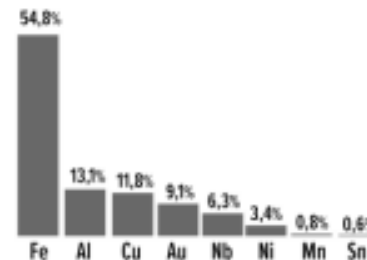
Source: Brazilian National Department of Mineral Production (DNPM)

Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Exports (2015) – Main Destinations



Metallic Commodities Exports - Total Value
US\$ 25.668.387.363



Exports (2015)

China: US\$ 8,2 billions
Japan: US\$ 1,73 billion
Netherlands: US\$ 1,48 billion
United States: US\$ 1,07 billion
Canada: US\$1,05 billion

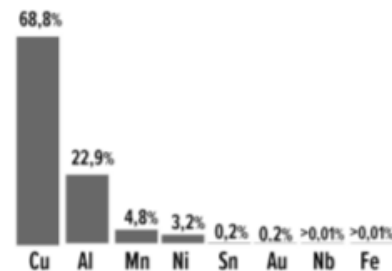
Source: Brazilian National Department of Mineral Production (DNPM)

Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Imports (2015) – Main Origins



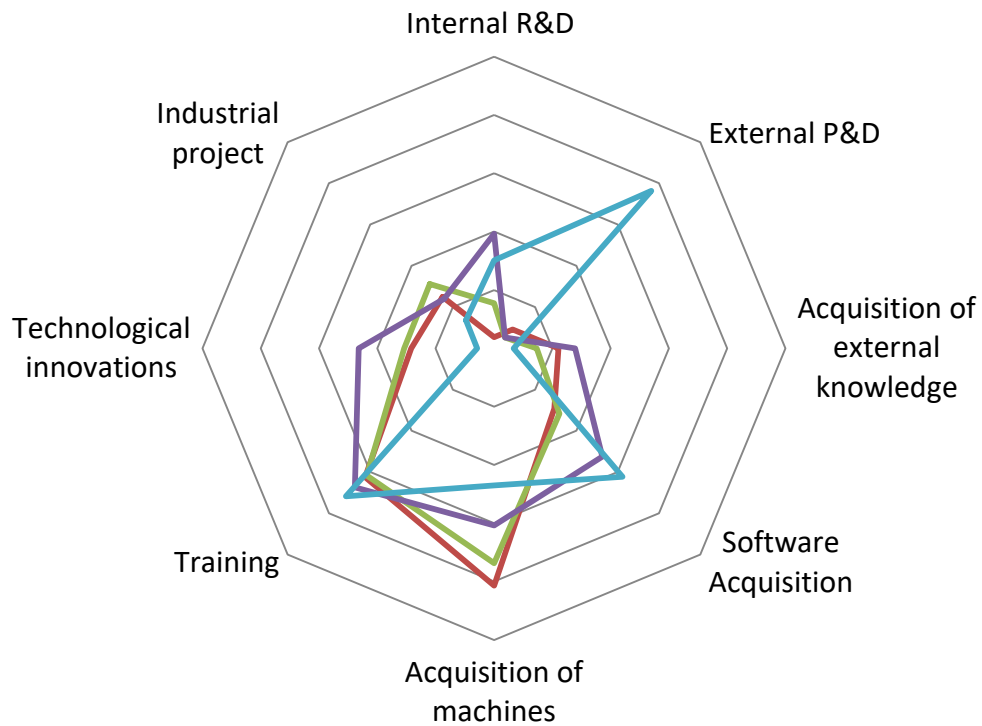
Metallic Commodities Imports - Total Value
US\$ 3.843.375.430



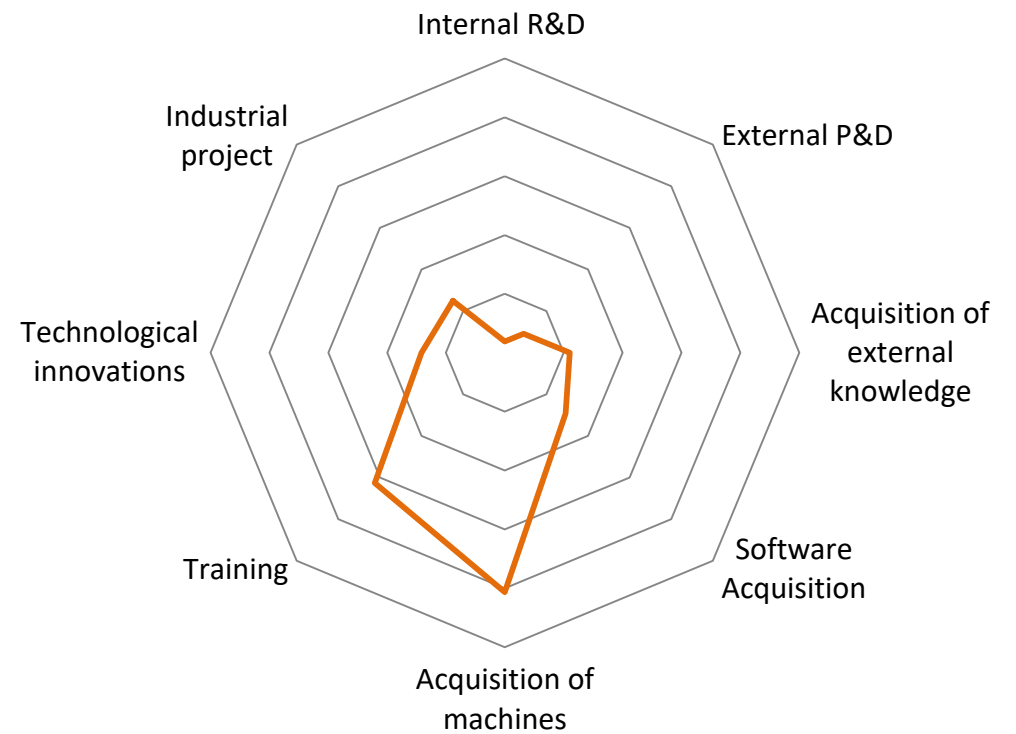
Imports (2015)
Chile: US\$ 1,79 billion
Peru: US\$ 0,51 billion
Russia: US\$ 0,38 billion
Argentina: US\$ 0,13 billion
China: US\$ 0,12 billion

Brazilian Mining Sector Overview

Importance of the Activity to Innovation



Extractive Industry



— Extractive Industry — Manufacturing Industry — Services — Electricity and Gas

Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

- For residents the National Classification of Economic Activities (CNAE) was used, corresponding to the classification of ISIC Rev.4.
- Selected categories were:

FROM SECTION B - EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES:

DIVISION 05 - MINING OF COAL

DIVISION 07 - MINING OF METAL ORE

DIVISION 08 - MINING OF NON-METALLIC MINERALS

GROUP 099 – SUPPORT ACTIVITIES TO MINERAL EXTRACTION, EXCEPT PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS

FROM SECTION C - MANUFACTURING:

CLASS 2852-6 – MANUFACTURE OF OTHER MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT FOR USE IN MINERAL EXTRACTION, EXCEPT FOR PETROLEUM EXTRACTION

SUBCLASS 2853-4 / 00 – PRODUCTION OF TRACTORS, PARTS AND ACCESSORIES, EXCEPT AGRICULTURAL

SUBCLASS 3314-7 / 15 – MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT FOR USE IN MINERAL EXTRACTION, EXCEPT IN THE PETROLEUM EXTRACTION


FROM SECTION M – PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES:

SUBCLASS 7119-7 / 02 GEOLOGICAL STUDIES ACTIVITIES


Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

Methodology to identify patent applications by residents:

Identification of CNAE classifications related to the mining sector + RAIS to Identify firms



Once firms were identified, a search was made in BADEPI, using applicants' CNPJs

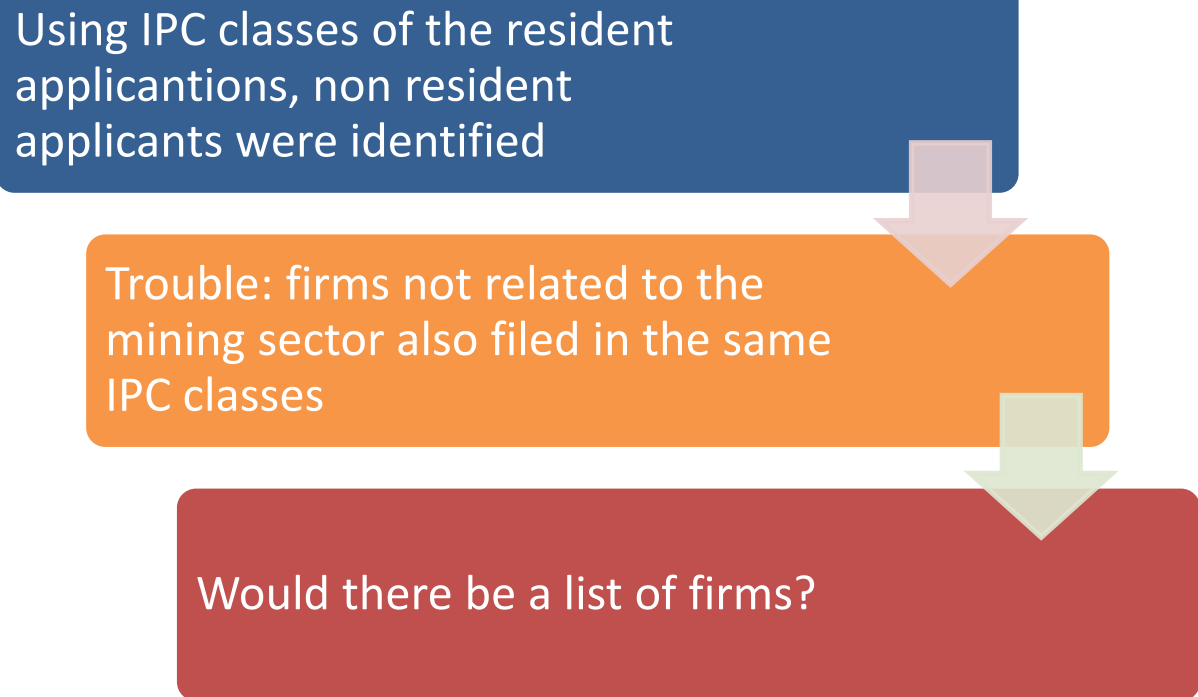


Patent applications by resident firms in the mining sector were identified

Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

- How to define the methodology for non resident applicants ? And for Brazilian universities?

Using IPC classes of the resident applications, non resident applicants were identified



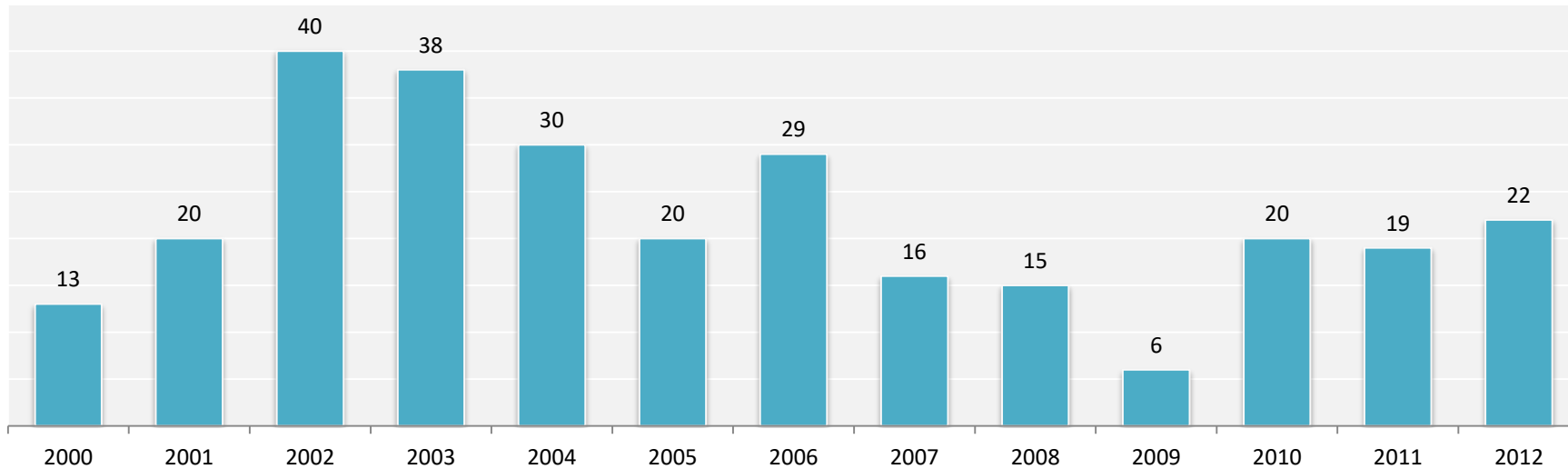
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graph TD; A[Using IPC classes of the resident applications, non resident applicants were identified] --> B[Trouble: firms not related to the mining sector also filed in the same IPC classes]; B --> C[Would there be a list of firms?];
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Trouble: firms not related to the mining sector also filed in the same IPC classes

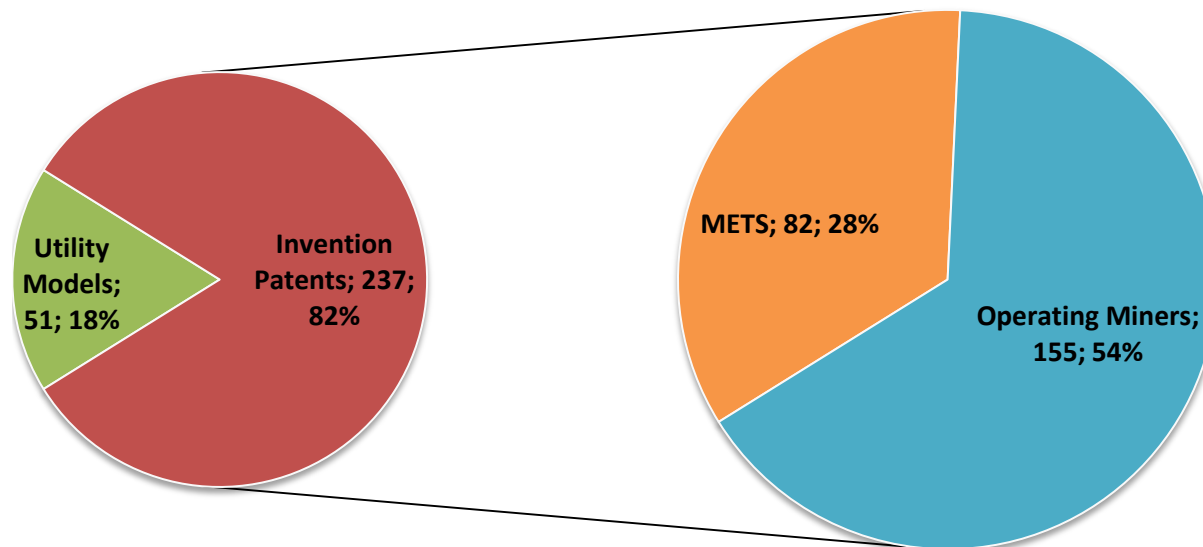
Would there be a list of firms?

Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

Applications of Resident Mining Firms, 2000-2012



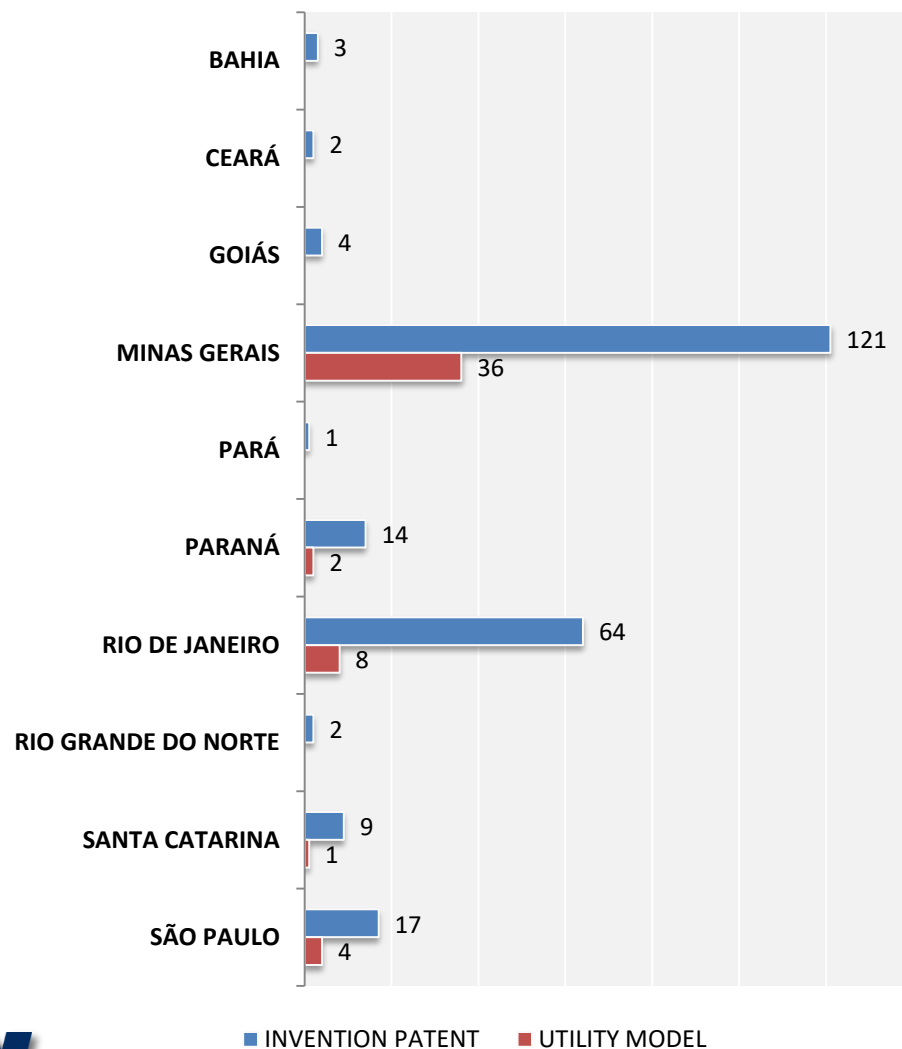
Applications by Type of Patent and by Type of Firm (METS x Operating Miners)



288 applications by
48 different firms

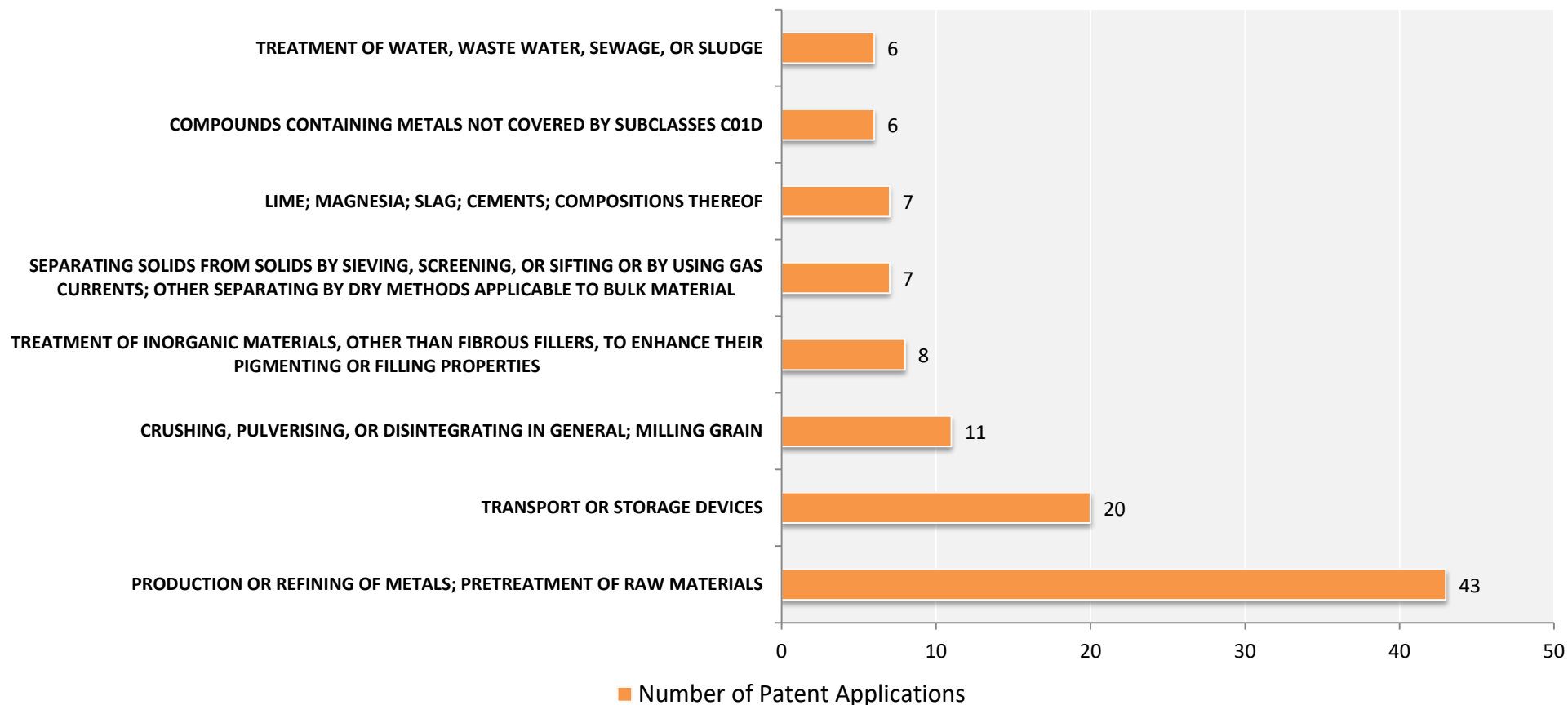
Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

Applications of Resident Mining Firms by State, 2000-2012



Brazilian Mining Sector: Preliminary Results

Main IPC Subclasses Used by Resident Mining Industry, 2000-2012

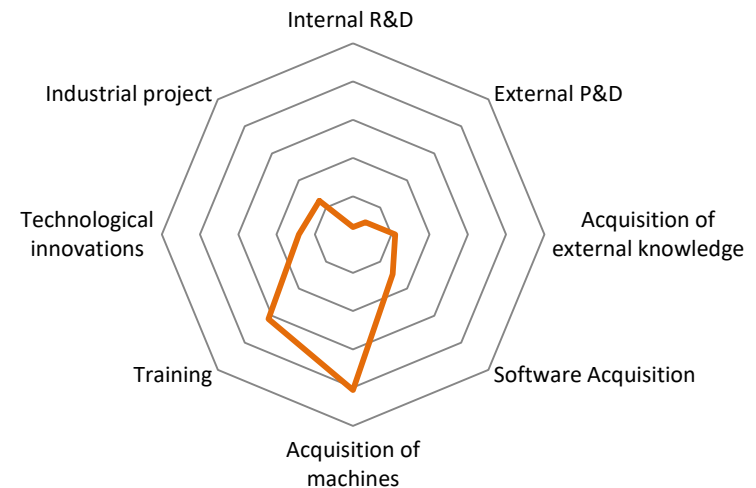


Research Question

Research Question:

How does the Innovation in the Machines/Equipments Sector Impact on the Mining Sector ?

Importance of the Activity to Innovation:
Extractive Industry



Thanks!

INPI Brazil Economic Affairs Advisory

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Econômicos*

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www.inpi.gov.br/sobre/estatisticas