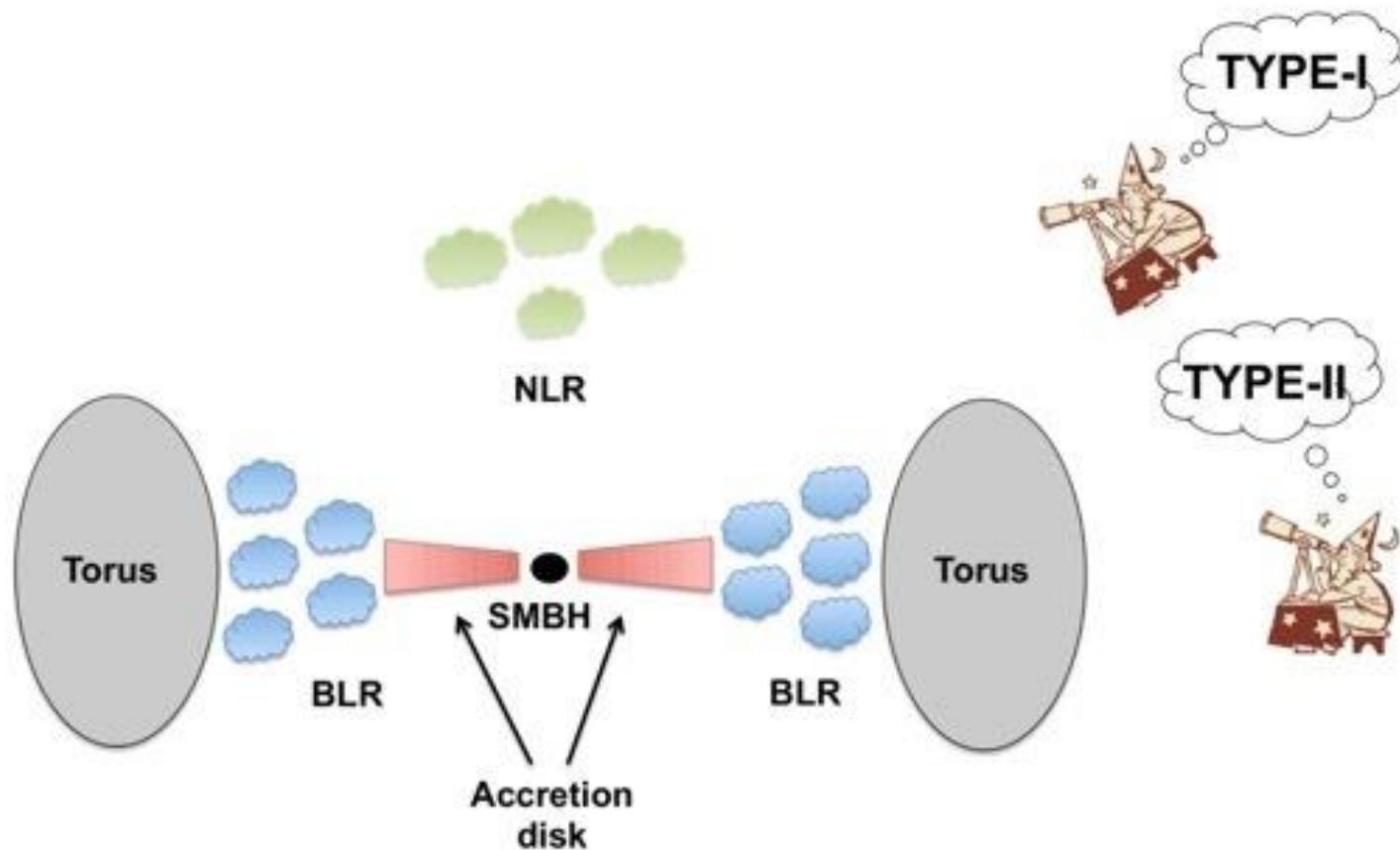


O estudo da região de linhas coronais por meio das CLiFs AGNs

Fernando C. C. Campos

Orientador: Alberto Rodríguez Ardila

Por que só linhas permitidas largas?

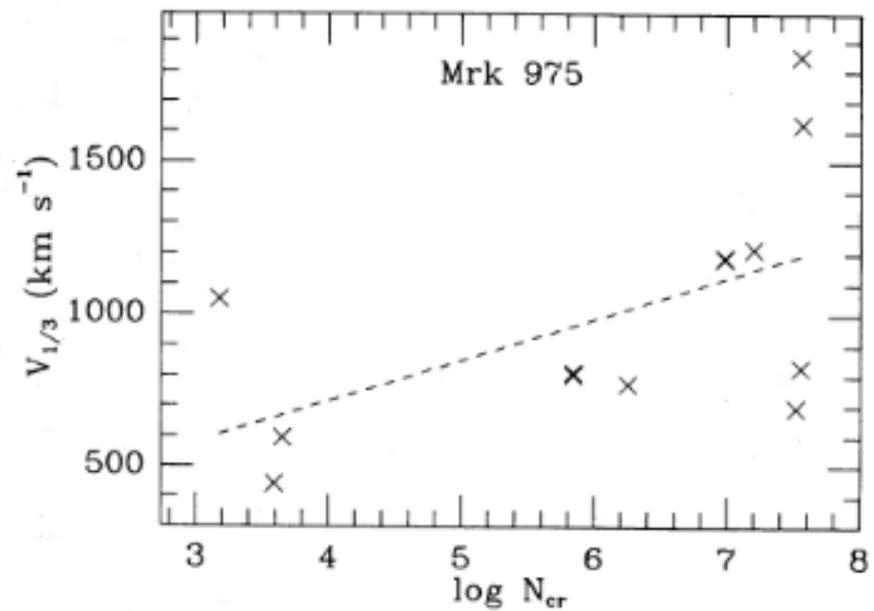
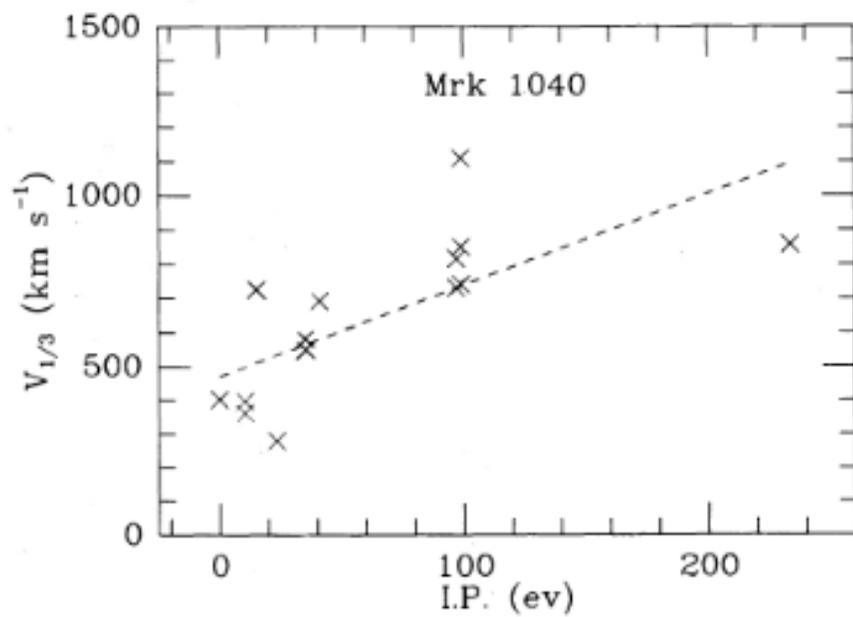
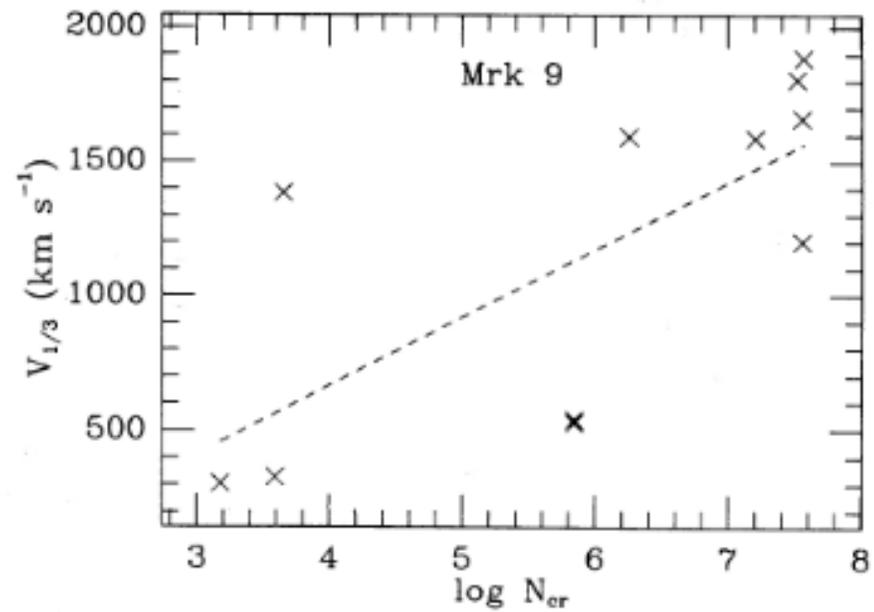
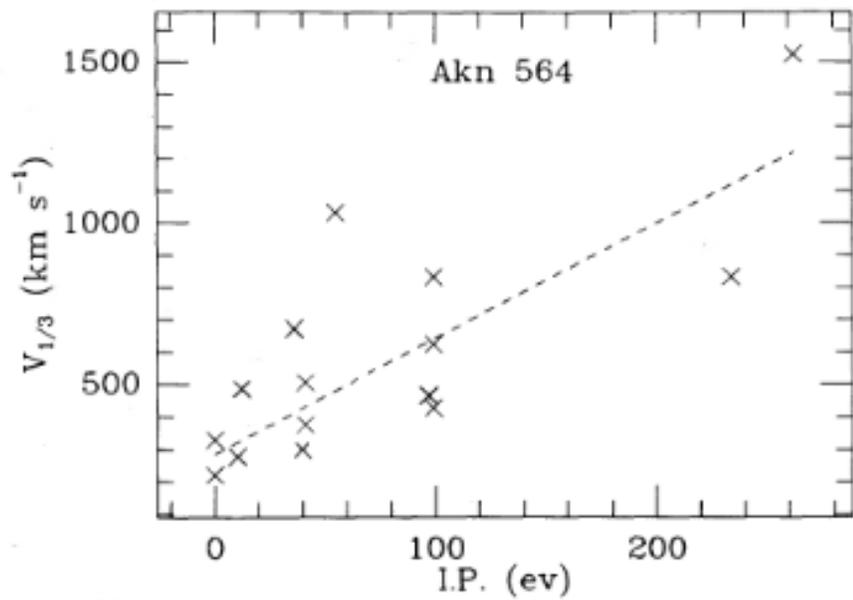


A CLR

TABLE 1
LINE WIDTHS AND ASYMMETRIES

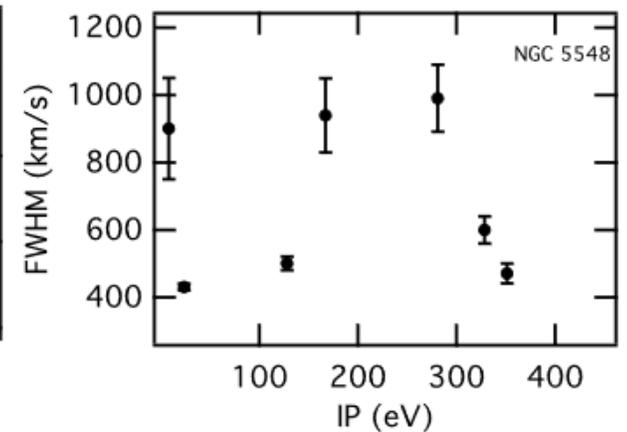
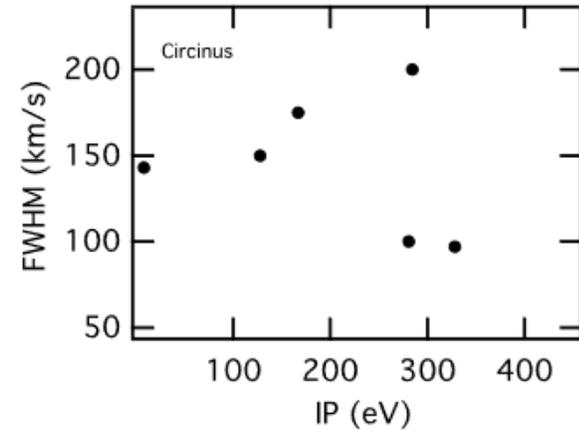
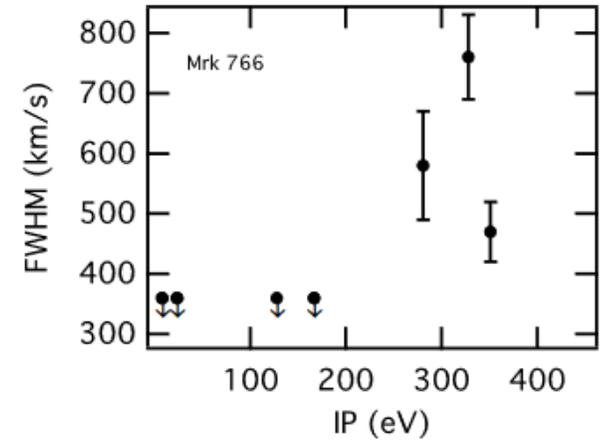
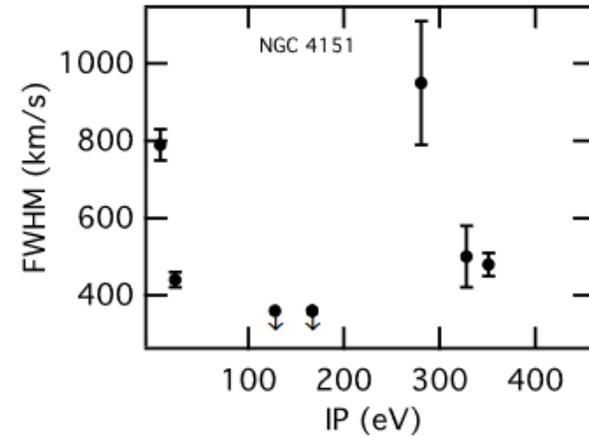
Line ID	$v_{1/2}$ (km s ⁻¹)	$v_{1/3}$ (km s ⁻¹)	$v_{1/4}$ (km s ⁻¹)	$v_{1/5}$ (km s ⁻¹)	$a_{1/3}$	$a_{1/4}$	$a_{1/5}$
Ne I λ 6599 comparison line	205	260	285	300	-0.011	-0.019	-0.026
^a [O I] λ 6300: original profile	305	450	510	575	-0.036	-0.003	-0.037
^b [O I] λ 6300: deconvolved profile	280	350	390	425	-0.014	-0.025	-0.035
^b [Fe x] λ 6375: original profile	385	515	640	765	-0.025	-0.018	-0.019
[Fe x] λ 6375: deconvolved profile	370	470	530	585	-0.013	-0.023	-0.034

(De Robertis e Osterbrock 1984)



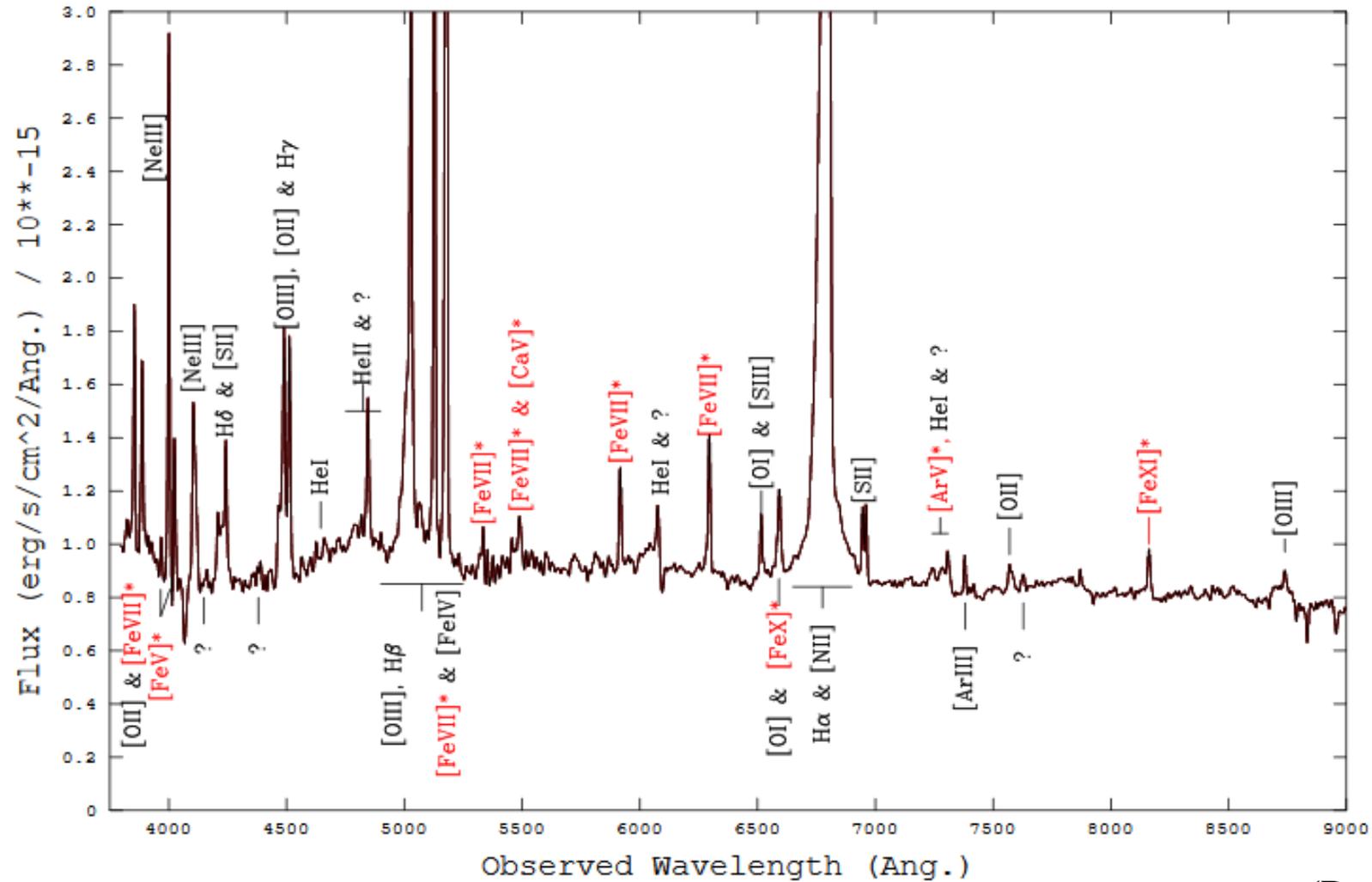
Problemas com a correlação IP vs FWHM

Line	λ (μm)	χ , IP (eV)	$\log n_e$ (cm^{-3})	Line	λ (μm)	χ , IP (eV)	$\log n_e$ (cm^{-3})
[S III]	0.9530	23.3	5.8	[Si x]	1.4301	351.1	8.8
[S VIII]	0.9913	280.9	10.6	[S XI]	1.9196	447.1	8.5
[Fe XIII]	1.0747	330.8	8.8	[Si VI]	1.9630	166.8	8.8
[S IX]	1.2520	328.2	9.4	[Al IX]	2.0450	284.6	8.3
[Fe II]	1.2570	7.9	5.0	[Ca VIII]	2.3213	127.7	7.9



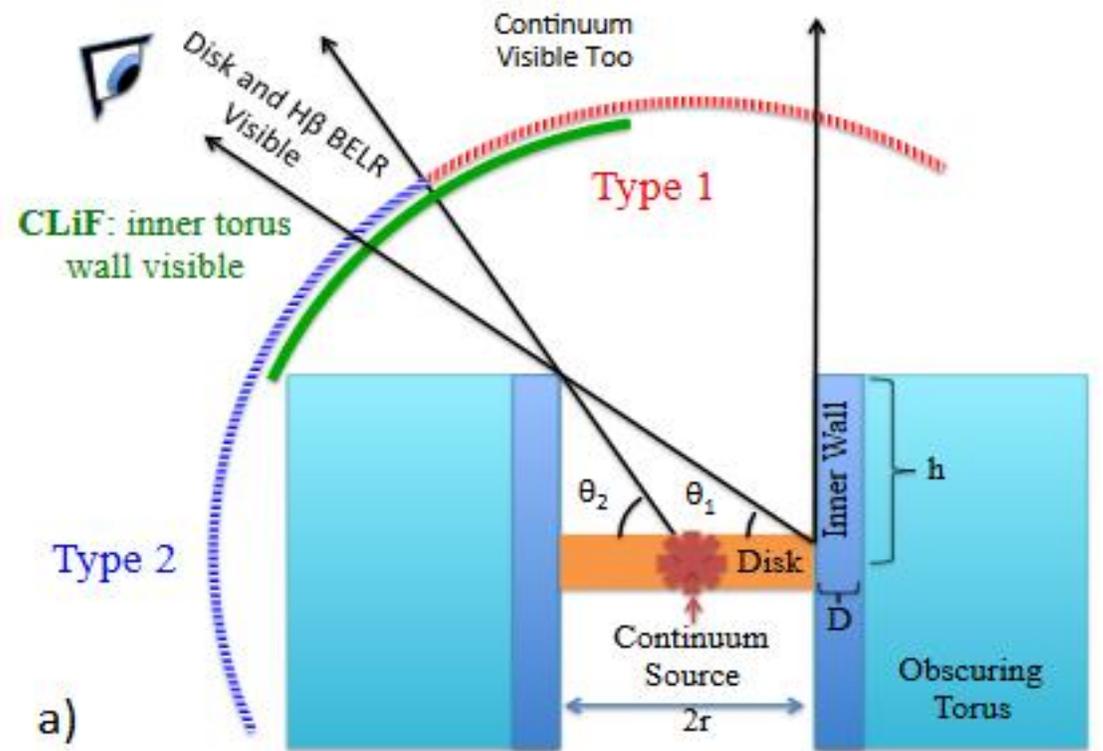
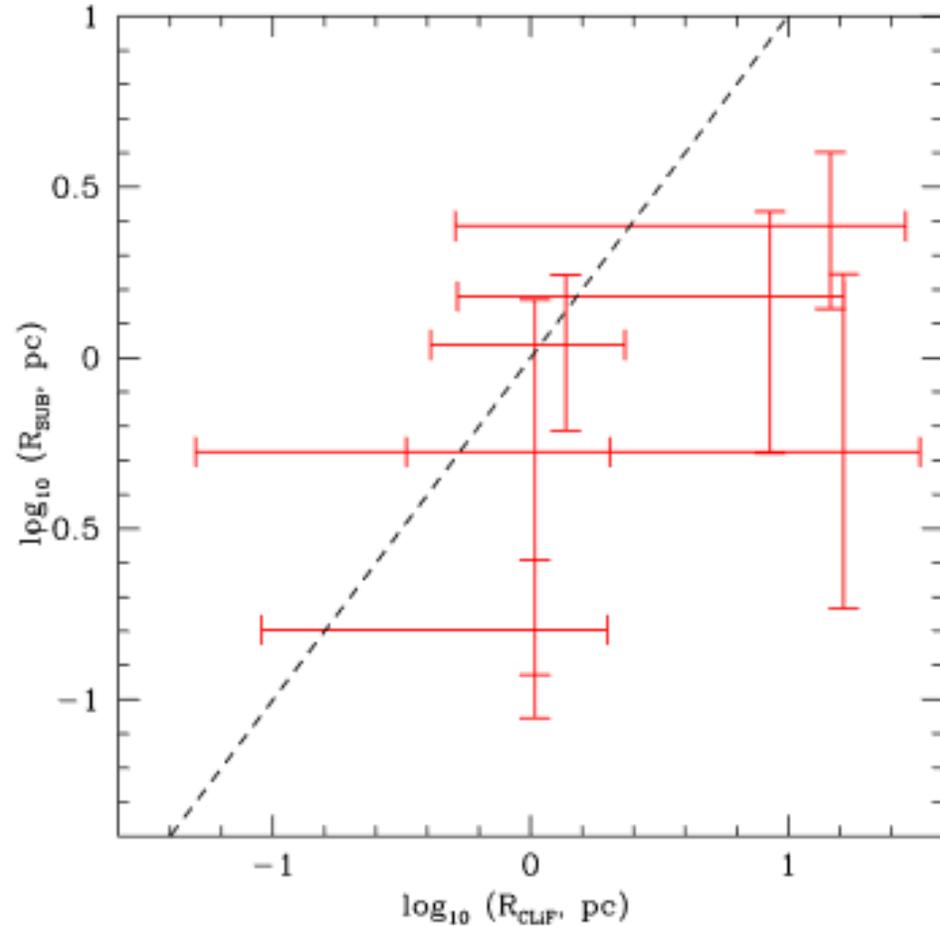
As CLiFs AGNs

III Zw 77



(Rose et al., 2015)

Hipótese sobre a emissão coronal



(Rose et al., 2015; Glidden et al., 2016)

Problema

- SDSS:
 - 3'' de arco
- Exemplo:
 - MRK 1388, distância: 91,5 Mpc
 - O espectro cobre: $\approx 1,3$ Kpc



Perguntas

Removendo a contribuição da galáxia hospedeira dos espectros SDSS das CLiFs, os resultados serão favoráveis sobre a localização das emissões das CLs estarem relacionadas a parede interna do toróide de gás e poeira?

As CLiFs AGNs possuem também um alto número de intensas CLs no NIR?

Qual outro método poderia ser utilizado para determinar se a emissão coronal está associada a parede interna do toróide de gás e poeira?

A emissão das CLs no espectro óptico são produzidas na mesma região das CLs observadas no NIR?