Prepare now to understand the impact and risks of quantum

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Bring useful quantum computing to the world

Make the world quantum safe

Our digital world depends on cryptography, which is used in trillions of transactions on billions of devices

Internet

- Domain name system (DNS)
- Hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP)
- File transfer protocol (FTP)

Digital signatures

- Electronic identification and trust services (eIDAS)
- PDF advanced electronic signature (PAdES)
- Advanced electronic signatures

Critical infrastructure

- Code updates
- Control systems
- Car systems

Financial systems

Payment systems

Enterprise

- Email
- Identity management
- LDAP
- PKI services
- Bespoke applications

Documents that needs to stay secure for a long period of time

Passports: 10 years from issue

Road vehicles: 15–20 years

Aircraft/rail: 25-30 years

Some critical infrastructure: 50+ years

Data needs to stay secure for a long time

HIPAA: 6 years from last use per Security Rule

Tax records: 7–10 years in most countries; Sarbanes-Oxley Act set the precedent

in the US

Legitimate interest under GDPR: 20+ years

Much of today's cryptography relies on hard mathematical problems

Public key encryption	
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RSA

Digital signatures

DSA

Key exchange algorithms

ECC

ECDSA

DH

Factorization

Challenge: Find prime factors

232278756443554916483436144302814961299 403168472741726378629043050821809225325 073582179649272923967859532854739028287 315490064402564114268108868740578441743 673658232286043895597927098059446365406 3364261 RSA-2048 305773 995088 141103 5194072 884045222985355457804905221526364397187 245486217526051159916514049067262683351 832309929798930626982884352880228081343 661786676287332222814070049377025100824 571915521143930659330865829303735221526



Difficulty

The most powerful computer today would take millions of years to find the solution

Shor's quantum algorithm is anticipated to possibly break RSA in hours using hardware available soon.

What are cybercriminals doing now?

Harvest now, decrypt later

Now



Harvest confidential data to decrypt later

Availability of "cryptographically relevant" quantum computers

Later



Decrypt lost or harvested confidential data by breaking encryption

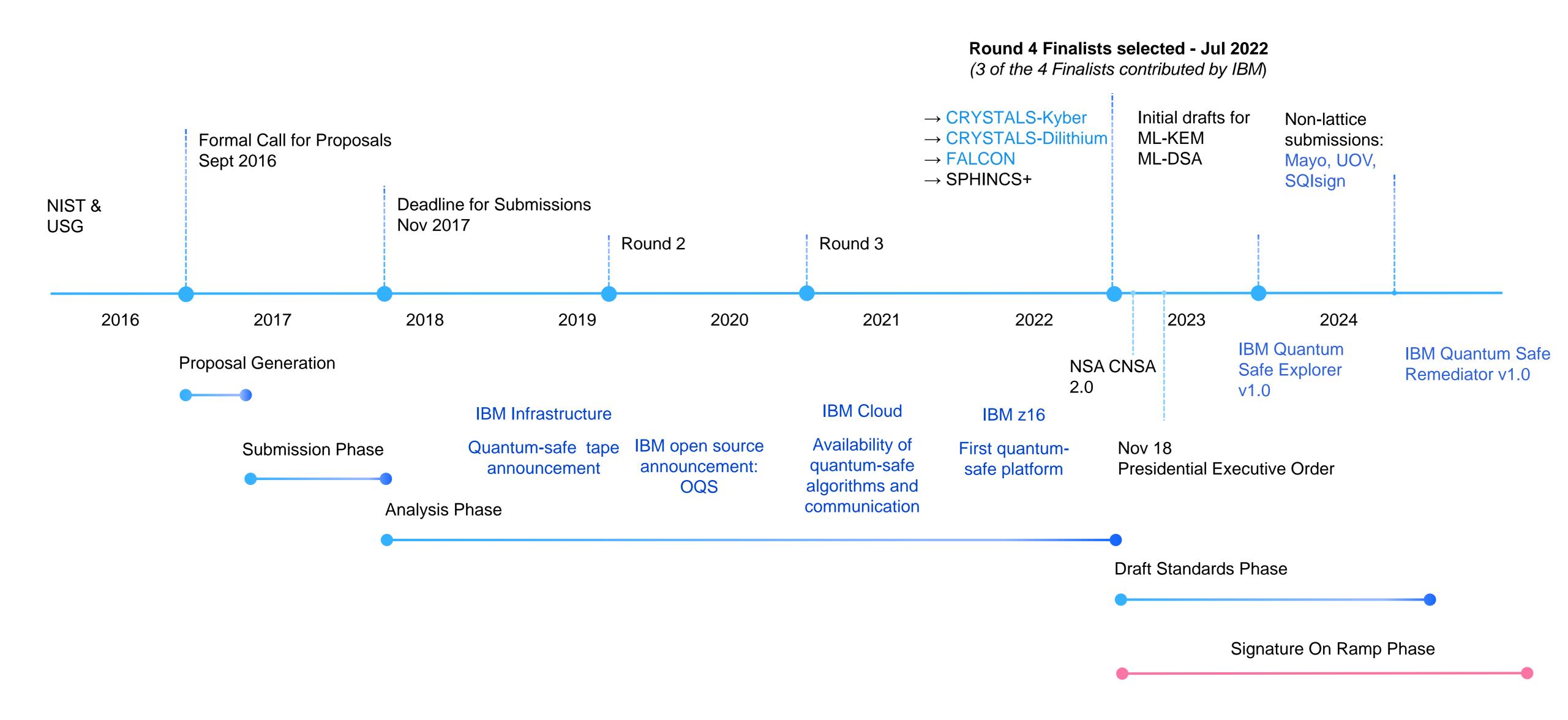


Disrupt business with manipulation through fraudulent authentication

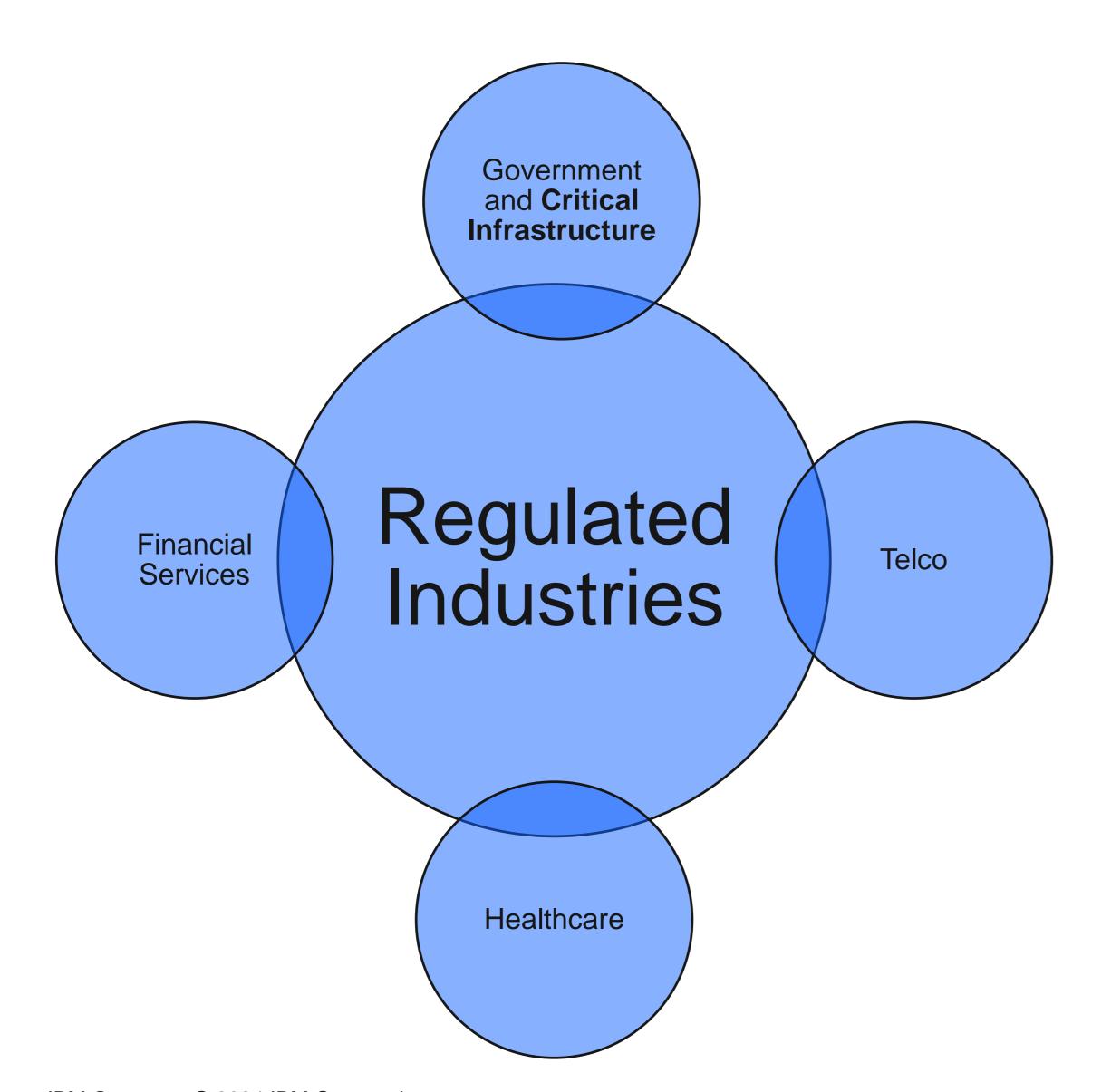


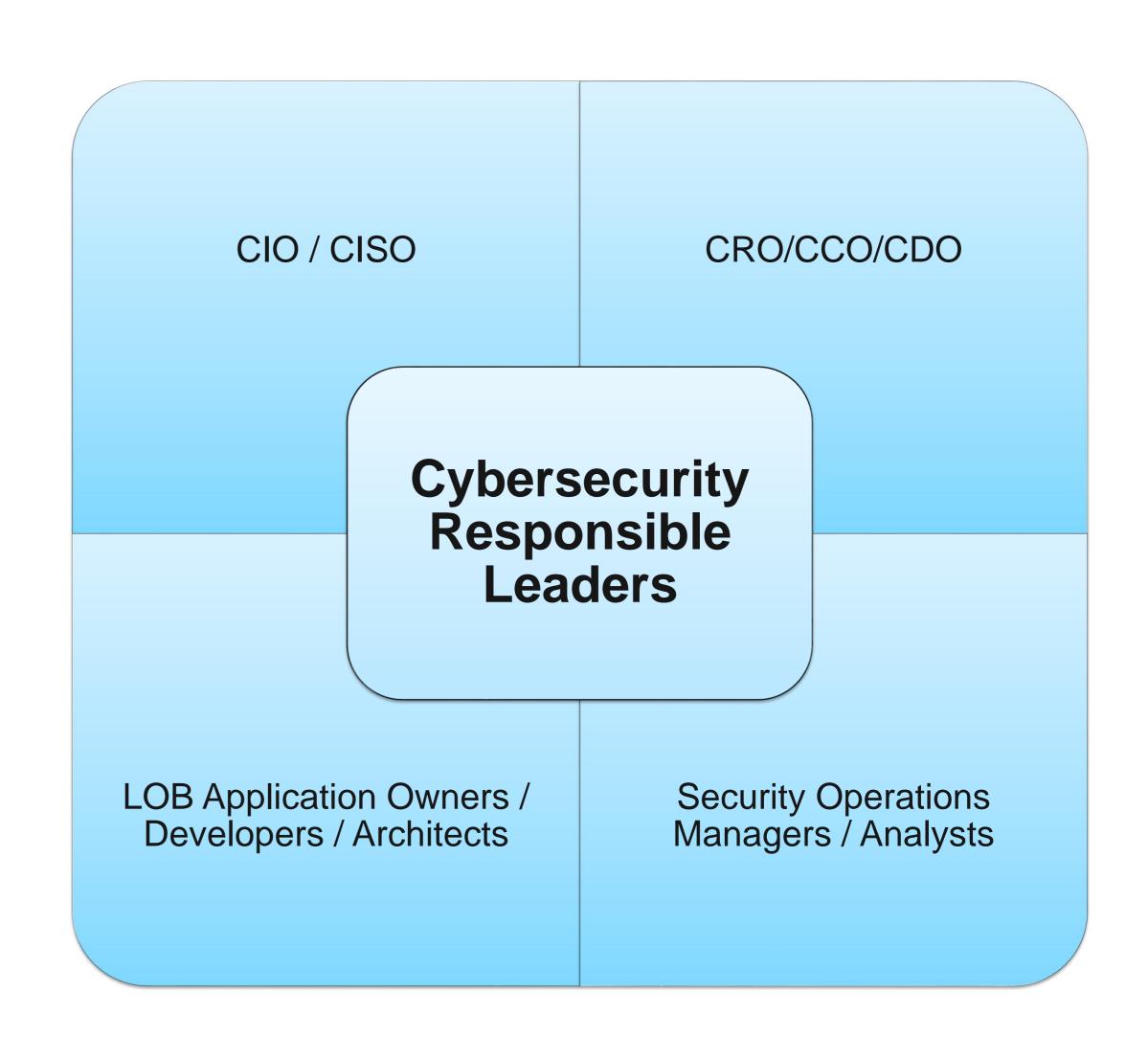
Manipulate digitally signed contracts and legal history by forging digital signatures

Quantum Safe Cryptography NIST Standardization for Quantum Safe Cryptography



Who should focus on Quantum Safe Initiative





US Government Mandates Quantum Safe for Federal Agencies



CNSA 2.0: Quantum-safe standards are preferred for national security systems by the mid-2020s and required by the early 2030s to defend against threats.

