





AAM Early Operations preparations

Advanced Air Mobility Conference 2024 - Brazil

By Khaled Alharthi November 2024

Khaled Alharthi Bio

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Khaled Alharthi is an Advisor to EVP Strategy and Business Intelligence Sector at GACA with more than 20 years of experience in Aviation Sector. His background is graduate and postgraduate level studies in the aviation field as well as his working experience in Airspace Operations (ATC), Airports Planning and Development, Aviation Strategic Projects such as General Aviation, Advanced Air Mobility, Project Manager of Air Taxi Proof of Concept in Makkah City (Hajj Season), Airport Traffic Forecast and Network Development, GACA Business Intelligence Program, etc.

He is:

- Member of ICAO Aviation Data and Analysis Panel
- Member of ICAO Aviation Competitiveness Working Group".
- Member of Drafting Group of "MID REGION AIR TRANSPORT STRATEGIC PLAN 2025-2040"
- Member of "International Logistics Constraints on E-commerce (ILC)" ICAO Working Group.
- Member of ICAO "The Multi-disciplinary Working Group on Long-term Traffic Forecasts (MDWG-LTF)".









Advanced Air Mobility (AAM) holds significant promise for all societies

In the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA), it is also an enabler of the national VISION 2030



AAM will support these three national objectives in line with VISION 2030 pillars: Ambitious Nation, Thriving Economy and Vibrant Society



Accordingly, the Kingdom has set an ambitious strategy for AAM, developed and led by GACA



General Authority of Civil Aviation

Agreements at international scale are fundamental to activate a sector as multidisciplinary as AAM

In KSA, the sector is gaining significant traction with several recent agreements

Selection – not exhaustive

General Authority of Civil Aviatio



Also, at national level, wide engagement is a critical to progress on AAM activation. The KSA AAM roadmap involved 60+ stakeholders to gather insights from multiple areas





Additionally, educational and research institutions in KSA are also contributing to AAM development

Key AAM research & development activities

جامعة الملك فهد للبترول والمعام ng Fahd University of Petroleum & Minerals	 KFUPM is developing and testing its own UAS for logistics operations It has published multiple research papers e.g, use of drones in road accident management, obstacle avoidance for load carrying multi agent UAS system, and design of UAS parachutes It has also attained numerous patents in the field, e.g., adaptive control method for unmanned vehicle with slung load
مدينة الملك عبدالفرير للمال وم والتمنية	 KACST is working closely with both the public and the private sector, developing and testing UAS for logistics and other use cases It has a 10-year partnership with UAVOS on UAS, which has already resulted in development of a UAS – Saker 1B MALE, which is a long endurance, BVLOS capable UAS Now, the partners are looking to develop a new and improved variant of the UAS
جامعة الامبر سلطا RINCE SULTAN	 PSU has a strong focus on human capital development, specifically for aviation, as it is setting up an aviation college Its RIOTU¹ lab has developed a UAS delivery and fleet management system, supporting autonomous package deliveries
بامعة الملك عبدالله للعلوم والتقنية	 KAUST has funded a drone in a box start-up called Firnas Aero, which offer UAS inspection, mapping, and monitoring services to client across the Kingdom The university has also developed non-intrusive sensors to measure UAS flight parameters and improve

maneuverability and control. It is awaiting a patent for this technology

Illustrative





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King Abdullah University of

Science and Technology

UATM is one of the key areas of work, as AAM operations need corridors at low altitudes, interfering with traditional airspace aviation that requires an enhanced ATM system

Example of Airspace Aviation

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Several multiple flight demonstrations have also been carried, aiding the development of AAM ConOps across KSA

Recent AAM flight tests

Non-Exhaustive





The air taxi proof of concept in Makkah and holy sites highlighted key AAM integration challenges, especially in restricted airspace

Hajj air taxi PoC – lessons learnt summary





- Widespread engagement with the public sector, incl. municipal, security, and transport entities is required
- Consider the **AAM aircraft configuration** when selecting an aircraft, as not all may be suitable for operation profile.
- A **hybrid (on-ground/remote) site assessment** is advisable using geospatial data to assess the terrain and its obstacles. The results are later validated with an on-ground presence.
- Early engagement with **communication sector entities** is key to determine the right network and SIM cards for **aircraft that use LTE/4G services**.
- Rapid procurement capability is essential for a successful PoC, especially in areas without purpose-built infrastructure
- The **battery charger** and **power supply requirements** must be defined and arranged in advance.
- Before a flight demonstration, **enough testing time should be allocated** to test multiple maneuvers and allow sufficient time for cooling and charging the batteries.
- When choosing **flight windows**, account for **aircraft limitations**, such as temperature and precipitation, as some aircraft cannot operate in **high temperatures and rain**.



Project Team photo with the EVP of Aviation Safety and environmental Sustainability and HE. GACA President



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Thank you

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If you have further questions about AAM developments in Saudi Arabia, please scan the QR code below or write to

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